Weather

Fine weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 79.5 and the minimum 49.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 78.8 and 50.5.

The China Press

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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MINERS IN U. S. ASK 6-HOUR DAY, FIVE-DAY WEEK

Wage Increase Of Sixty Percent Demanded At Same Time

TO STRIKE NOV. 1

Steel Producing Industry Throu[redacted] Is Paralyze[redacted]

SENATE IS ACTING

San Francisco Shipping To Orient Delayed By Tie-Up

(Failure of Reuter's News Agency to 'cover' labor disturbances that have been sweeping through the United States has made it necessary to obtain news of American strikes from other sources. Below are given excerpts from American news reports which may be taken as wholly authentic and which for the most part are from the Associated Press).

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 24.—The national convention of United Mine Workers of America yesterday unanimously adopted the report of its wage scale committee demanding a 60 percent increase, a six-hour day and a five-day week.

The report carries authorisation of orders to call a strike of bituminous coal miners in the United States November 1, unless an agreement is reached.

Nation Wide Steel Strike Is Attended By Violence

New York, Sept. 24.—Organised labor gained strength in Chicago, the Youngstown, Ohio, district and elsewhere during the second day of the nation-wide steel strike, which was marked by increased violence, but according to officials of the United States Steel Corporation and various independent steel-producing companies, the strikers made little headway in their efforts to strengthen their ranks in the Pittsburgh district and in other eastern mills.

Leaders of the strikers last night claimed that 327,000 men were out throughout the United States and predicted that many more plants would close today.

The riot situation throughout the Pennsylvania district is assuming a more menacing tone.

All Chicago plants are closed.

Strike At San Francisco Delays Boats To Orient

San Francisco, September 25.—Steamship companies operating passenger and freight vessels to the Orient announced last night that the stevedore strike situation has improved so much that 65 percent of the force necessary to unload and load vessels now in port would be working today. It was said that 900 non-union stevedores are now at work on the wharves, this number being an increase of 100 over the day before. A number of additional vessels started working this morning.

Departing Consul Is Guest At Tiffin

Mr. Sammons Entertained By Pacific Mail; Steamship Men Attend

U. S. Consul-General Thomas Sammons was the guest at a tiffin in his honor given by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at the Shanghai Club yesterday. Mr. W. L. Johnstone acted as toastmaster.

Among the guests were: Messrs. O. G. Steen and P. C. Windham of the Robert Dollar Steamship Company, Messrs. J. S. Gorman and F. C. Charman of the Admiral Line, Mr. J. P. Williams of the China Mail Steamship Company, Mr. L. Everett of Struthers and Dixon, Mr. Paul Page Whitham, American Trade Commissioner at Peking; Dr. S. A. Ransom, and American Consul W. R. Dorsey.

Von Der Goltz Center Of Storm On Baltic

General von der Goltz

The central figure of the events that led to the present situation on the Baltic is that of General von der Goltz, until recently in command of the German troops that have taken Riga after defying both their own Government, which had cut off their pay and supplies, and the Allied Council at Paris, which has been vainly demanding the removal of the Germans from the Baltic. On demands made by the Allied Council General von der Goltz was ordered by his government to return to Germany. After he had evaded this order by various pretexts a successor to take his place was sent to the Baltic and it was then announced that he would return to Germany. Whether he has yet complied with the order has not yet been announced.

Conciliatory Note Is Sent To Rumania By Allied Council

Held Friedrich Government Does Not Represent Will Of Hungarian People

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 11.—The Allies have addressed a note to Rumania which is moderate and conciliatory in tone. The note reviews the points on which Rumania disagrees with the Entente and explains the reasons for the insertion in the Austrian treaty of clauses relating to minorities.

The note provides that a special commission, which was appointed today shall examine Rumanian requisitions in Hungary. The note declares that the Allies do not consider that the Friedrich Government represents the will of the Hungarian nation. It also emphasises the inconveniences due to Rumania not signing the Austrian treaty.

Budapest, October 12.—The Rumanian military authorities announce that the Rumanian troops have evacuated Hungary west of the Danube without any disorder.

PLANS TAKING SHAPE FOR SIBERIAN CONGRESS

Convocation Of Assembly At Omsk Expected To Take Place In November

(Reuter's Service)

Omsk, Oct. 11.—The labors of the Commission for the Convocation of the National Congress are nearing their end. The Constitution of the National Congress will be modelled on that of the Duma.

The actual convocation of the Congress is expected to take place by the middle of November.

Government loans issued to various municipalities, Zemstvos, railways and industrial concerns between July, 1918, and October, 1919, amount to 830 million roubles.

According to information received from the front, the Reds continue to shoot down their prisoners. In Presnogorkovsky, a village which the Siberian army lost to the Reds and recaptured a few hours later, seven bodies of Siberian soldiers were found with their eyes apparently gouged out before they had been shot dead.

The approach of General Denikin's troops to Toula, has caused considerable unrest in the munition works there. Trotsky's appeal to the workmen to go and fight the Whites was received with jeers. The well known Bolshevist Boukharine narrowly escaped being lynched.

Ichowfu No Longer 500 Years Behind The Times!

(China Press Correspondence)

Ichowfu, Shantung, Oct. 10.—For years many of the prominent men of this place have taken pride in making the statement that there has been nothing new in Ichowfu, with the exception of the post and telegraph offices, in five hundred years. If these men could have been present today at the exercises held in the McPherson Academy commemorating the founding of the republic, they would have realised that a new day has dawned even for this conservative section of old Shantung; that the men of the coming generation are not those who will think that the country's only glory lies in the past.

The Assembly Hall of the Academy was filled with students and their guests, the room being beautifully trimmed with school and national flags. Talks appropriate to the occasion were given by teachers and friends, but the crowning effort of all was that of one of the boys who showed that without love of God and country China's future was hopeless. After the singing of the national hymn, school was dismissed for the day. Such occasions augur well for the future.

AIRMEN OF U.S. ARMY FLY ACROSS CONTINENT

Plane Starting From Mineola For San Francisco Is First To Arrive

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 11.—In the Transcontinental Aerial Derby Lieutenant Maynard was the first to arrive at San Francisco from Mineola.

It is unofficially estimated that his actual flying time was 2,701 miles in 1,492 minutes 55½ seconds.

Major Spatz and Lieutenant Kiel arrived at Mineola from San Francisco, being the first eastbound fliers to complete the flight.

PRINCE OF WALES SAYS HE WILL BUY RANCH

Official Portion Of Tour Of Western Canada Over; Going To Mines

(Reuter's Service)

Winnipeg, October 11.—The Prince of Wales was entertained at luncheon here by the leading citizens of Winnipeg and also representatives of Edmonton, Saskatoon, Calgary, Vancouver and the other cities he had visited during his tour.

In the course of a speech the Prince of Wales announced, amid vociferous cheers, that he was arranging to purchase a small ranch at Alberta with a view to having a home of his own in the west. He hoped incidentally to help a few ex-service men by employing them on it.

The atmosphere of Western Canada, he said, appealed to him intensely and he would return to the Old Country realising that that Western Provinces were goings to play a most important part in the future of the British Empire and that the line of development which Western Canadians took would influence the future destinies of the British Commonwealth enormously.

The luncheon completes the official portion of the Western Canadian tour where as the Lieutenant Governor said today, "bonny Prince Edward has won all hearts." The Prince will now proceed to the great clay belt and visit the silver mines at Cobalt, afterwards returning to the manufacturing districts of Ontario.

Native Chiefs Greet Jellicoe At Suva

(Reuter's Service)

Suva, Fiji Islands, Oct. 6.—Admiral Jellicoe has arrived here. He was met by a fleet of sailing canoes and welcomed by the native chiefs. Lord Jellicoe in the course of a speech suggested that Suva would probably be the Pacific naval base.

Bolsheviki Arrest Petrograd Zionists

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 12.—Reuter's Agency is informed that the Zionist Executive Committee in Petrograd and other prominent Zionists were recently arrested by the Bolsheviki on account of their supposed sympathies.

Philippine Independence Is Not Menaced By Japan, Says Filipino Leader Here

Influx Of Japanese To Davao Not Cause For Alarm, Asserts Sergio Osmena, Speaker Of Assembly; Clash With Bocobos, Dr. Apacible Declares

Mr. Sergio Osmena, speaker of the Philippine Assembly since its inception in 1907 and probably the leading political power in the Islands, does not believe that Japan looks at the archipelago with covetous eyes. He does not view with alarm the tremendous influx of Japanese to the rich hemp regions of Davao and forecasts no trouble between Japanese and the Bocobos, one of the wild tribes in that region.

Dr. Galiano Apacible, secretary of the Department of Agriculture, who is with Speaker Osmena, was not so enthusiastic about the Japanese in the Islands. He told THE CHINA PRESS representative yesterday that the Bureau of Lands was called upon to settle several disputes between the Japanese and the Bocobos. "The Government has taken proper measures to prevent any trouble in Davao," said Dr. Apacible.

Mr. Osmena and Dr. Apacible arrived in Shanghai yesterday from Peking after they had made a trip through Japan and Korea. They are accompanied by assistant Director Jose G. Sanvictores of the Bureau of Agriculture, Colonel Antonio C. Torres and Mrs. Torres, Mr. F. Zamora, private secretary to Speaker Osmena; Mr. Francisco Natividad, Mrs. Limjap, wife of a prominent Manila merchant, and her three daughters. The party is at the Astor House and will sail for Manila on the Empress of Russia, leaving Saturday.

Is Shrewd Political Leader

Sergio Osmena, who never accompanies independence missions to the United States and is comparatively unknown outside of the Philippines, is considered the shrewdest of Filipino leaders. He is on his first vacation trip, left the Philippines a few weeks ago for the first time in his life, and is not on an official junket.

But the man who for over seven years has dominated Filipino politics and whose fine hand is seen in every victory of his party, retains on vacation trips the cleverness which has brought him success politically since 1907 when he was first elected an assemblyman from Cebu—to the first Philippine Assembly, the lower house of the Philippine Legislature.

He is a staunch propagandist for Philippine independence, is anxious to put forward that the Harrison administration has made the Philippine Government strong financially—so strong that unlimited funds are available for education purposes—every child in the Islands will be able to go to school next year, more Filipinos will be sent to American colleges and universities to study—desires to make it known that the Philippines will have the first aerial mail service in the Far East; and that Americans are not leaving the government service only where efficiency allows—he being best known for the Osmena Retirement Bill which allows the Governor-General to accept at any time "the petition for retirement" filed by all Americans a few years ago to insure themselves against summary dismissal.

Japanese Not Menace

Pointed questions going into the influx of Japanese to Davao, the building of Japanese schools in districts where Japanese residents are numerous, the necessity of the United States guaranteeing the independence of the Islands by some specific plan, the attitude of a Republican Congress and expensive independence missions prompted discreet replies.

Mr. Osmena admitted that the Japanese were not absorbed by the Filipinos, they do not inter-marry, that they study the country, the climate and the living conditions, but asserts that the Japanese do not constitute a menace in the Philippine Islands and that the pre-

(Continued on Page 4)

TEMPLE IN YANGTSZEPOO IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

Destructive Blaze Starts When Sparks Of Cook Store Fall Among Herbs

Fire almost totally destroyed the Thien Fie Kong temple, better known as the Boatman's Temple, in the Eastern District, yesterday morning. Sparks from a cooking stove which fell in a stack of dried herbs piled against one side of the building started the fire. Tha alarm was sounded at nine o'clock.

The place is remote from a water supply and by the time the firemen got there the roof had fallen in. Their efforts were devoted largely to preventing the blaze from spreading to near-by houses and sheds.

There was also the Mitsui Busan Kaisha lumber yard, immediately to the west, which had to be guarded. For a time an engine from the Hongkew station pumped from the creek near by but the tide being low, the pump clogged with mud.

An engine from Central had arrived and began pumping from midway between the hydrant and the fire and greatly improved the pressure. For some hours after the temple had become nothing more than a mass of ruins, firemen were on duty.

TITLES TOKIO AWARDED RENOUNCED BY KOREANS

Honors Conferred By Japanese Being Returned By Three Members Of Nobility

Three prominent members of the Korean nobility, who have held peerages under the Japanese, have renounced their honors, according to word that reached the Korean Independence headquarters in this city yesterday.

The first is Count Yoon Taikyoung, who is father-in-law of Prince Lee, the heir to the Korean throne. The second is Viscount Min Byung-suck, chief director of Prince Lee's household, and the third, Viscount Yoon Duck-young, assistant director of Prince Lee's household.

According to the despatch, they declare that they will return to the Japanese Government all the Imperial bounties that they have received in the past eight years, together with five percent interest. It is understood that it is a demonstration to the Korean people that they, too, approve the independence movement.

OMSK RECOGNISED!

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 12.—General Judenitch has officially recognised the Omsk Government.

Who Are The Agents?

That the Shanghai public knows what it wants and knows how to show appreciation when it gets it, has been proven by the success of the "Who are the agents?" page of THE CHINA PRESS. Introduced to the local businessmen only a week ago, in spite of all the distraction of two intervening holidays and a weekend which found many of us away from our desks, the page has met with an enthusiastic reception and orders have arrived at such a rapid rate that the page will be appearing in this newspaper regularly next month; if all those who have ordered will only send in their copy or proofs. A good many hongs have not yet even sent in their orders, but from the general air of approval of the page, which is felt on all sides, there is no doubt that such hongs will respond readily as soon as a breathing spell is reached after the holidays of last week.

The "Who are the agents?" page is a directory of all the home business houses represented in Shanghai, arranged by lines of business, each with the name of the local agent. Besides being a directory, it is a potent selling force, for it will bring its message forcefully to the attention of readers three times a week. The page is designed not only to meet the need for a ready reference to the agencies held in Shanghai, but to keep that reference repeatedly before the public in a form which can be altered or added to on a day's notice.

The page is only another of the features of THE CHINA PRESS which have met with so much success and been of so much service to readers and advertisers alike. THE CHINA PRESS felt fairly sure that it was supplying a newspaper feature which was needed, and is happy in the knowledge that its judgment was sound and that appreciation of it has come so quickly and heartily.

1,280 Ocean-Going Ships Now Flying American Flag

Washington, September 13.—Steamships under the American flag now comprise 24.8 percent of the steam tonnage of the world, the United States Shipping Board announced today.

"Today this nation has more ship workers, more shipyards, more shipways, more vessels under construction, and is turning them out more rapidly and in greater numbers than now issue from all the other shipyards of the world," the statement says.

"Up to the outbreak of the war we had only fifteen vessls of 1,000 tons and over engaged in overseas trade. Today the American flag floats from 1,280 ocean going steamships, 1,107 of which have been built by the United States Shipping Board within the last two years."

OSAKA STRIKE OVER; STREET CARS RUNNING

Buddhist Preacher Important Factor In Inducing Men To Return To Work

(Reuter's Service)

Osaka, October 14.—The Osaka carmen's strike has come and gone. This morning the weather was glorious and the traffic had become about normal, though the dispute is still unsettled. Nevertheless the majority of the men have resumed work pending a concession by the municipality which owns the entire street car lines of Osaka.

An interesting incident in the strike was the appearance upon the scene of a Buddhist preacher, who successfully persuaded the men to resume work in one section of the city. He is also acting as go-between between the men and the municipality.

Osaka, October 13.—More cars are running this afternoon, but the situation is uncertain. The men's demands include 40 percent increase of wages, and reduction of hours. The strike sprung up without negotiation, without notice and without ballots.

Such undisciplined strikes are becoming more and more frequent, and are due to the absence of labor organisations.

AUSTRALIAN BUDGET IS UP AT MELBOURNE

Statement Of Finances Given By Minister; Shipping Program Outlined

(Reuter's Service)

Melbourne, Oct. 8.—In the Federal House of Representatives Mr. Poynton, Minister of Finance, introducing the Australian Budget, said that the revenue for 1918-19 was £44,750,000 and the expenditure £45,000,000.

The war expenditure totalled £311,500,000. The estimated deficit for 1919-20 would be £3,350,000. The public debt of the Commonwealth and the various States amounted to £708,000,000. No new taxation would be introduced but old age and invalid pensions would be increased from 12s. 6d. to 15s. a week.

The Government's shipping program provided for 20 steamers of six thousand tons each, three of which had been launched, four vessels of three thousand tons each all of which were being built and five steamers of twelve thousand tons which would be constructed in England. The net earnings of the Commonwealth Line were £3,500,000.

Shortage Of Food Imminent In Vienna

(Reuter's Service)

Vienna, October 12.—Speaking in the Austrian National Assembly the Food Minister delared that the danger of a collapse of the food supply was imminent.

AMERICAN MAIL ARRIVES

Further delivery of American mail, to the extent of 38 sacks, was received at the U. S. Post Office yesterday. It came, part from the Suwa Maru and part transhipped from Japan.

The Empress of Russia is expected to arrive Sunday morning with a large shipment from America. If it leaves, as is now expected, Sunday night for Manila, it will carry the U.S. postal matter there.

D'Annunzio May Force King To Abdicate

King Victor Emmanuel

King Emmanuel of Italy, who is reported to have threatened to abdicate unless the orders of the Italian Government are obeyed by the army and navy. The announcement is the latest development in the situation at Fiume, the Adriatic seaport that was taken by Italy's poet-airman-author D'Annunzio at the head of a body of raiding Italian troops. The King's announcement is reported to have been made when D'Annunzio's soldiers refused to evacuate Fiume and when units of the Italian Navy in the Adriatic displayed unwillingness to aid in bringing about the evacuation of the port. D'Annunzio still holds Fiume.

ATTITUDE IN BRITAIN ON CONSORTIUM GIVEN

Demands Of Japanese Firmly Opposed By Banking Interests In London

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 14.—It is understood that Mr. Alfred Sze, Chinese Minister in London, has informed the Chinese Government that English banking circles continue firmly to decline to agree to the exclusion of Mongolia and Manchuria from the purview of the new Consortium.

English bankers, he says, are anxious to learn China's real attitude toward the Consortium. He adds that he expects that an invitation will be extended to Hsu Un-yuan to visit London to express the official financial views on the subject.

These enquiries are viewed favorably by foreign advocates of the Consortium, as it has been difficult hitherto to get an official expression of opinion regarding it, except from the Anfu Club which is bitterly hostile to it. Other parties express the fear that the Consortium may imperil China's sovereignty. They appear to consider that the Consortium would be useful as a last resource if China were faced with bankruptcy. All admit that China must choose between the Consortium and further loans from Japan.

Yet it is to the Powers advocating the Consortium that China turns for assistance in the distressing conditions largely brought about by loans from Japan, for Japan's so-called rights in Shantung greatly exceed Germany's former rights, the additional acquisitions being due to the Shantung railway loan agreements. The Russians never claimed the rights which the Japanese are exercising in Manchuria which are also the outcome of Japanese loans.

CANTON SENDING BACK SEAL TO TANG SHAO-YI

Foreign Affairs Official On Way With Request That Delegate Retain Post

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, Oct. 14.—Mr. Frank W. Lee, Chief of the Political Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Military Government has left for Shanghai. He is carrying a request from the Military Government to Mr. Tang Shao-yi to remain Chief Southern Peace Delegate and he is also bringing back Mr. Tang Shao-yi's seal of office.

The Senate on September 9, passed a motion restoring Germans right of residence and trade in South China.

BATTLE OF LETTS AND GERMANS FOR RIGA CONTINUES

Teutons Occupying Part Of City Are Stopped At Bridgehead

PORT BOMBARDED

Bermondt Now Posing As Russian To Allies And Own Government

ACTION BY PARIS

Order Given Restricting Movements Of Ships On Baltic

(Reuter's Service)

Helsingfors, October 12.—It is reported from Reval that the situation at Riga is unchanged since Friday evening. The town is stated to have been considerably damaged by the bombardment, parts of it being in ruins.

The Germans attempted to cross the bridge but were repulsed. There have been many civilian casualties from hostile aircraft.

The Lettish troops are still on the right bank of the Dvina. Bermondt's forces are advancing on a broad front between the Dvina and the gulf.

Lettish Report Issued

Copenhagen, October 11.—The Lett press bureau issues the following telegram from Riga dated October 10:

"Under strong pressure from superior German forces the Lett troops have abandoned the left bank of the Dvina. The enemy are now in the suburbs of Riga but the Letts hold the right bank of the Dvina.

"Esthonian armored trains arrived last night to assist the Letts who are determined to do their utmost to hold Riga until the arrival of reinforcements."

City Is Bombarded

Stockholm, October 11.—An Esthonian communique reports:

The Lettish Government has left Riga and gone to Rodenpols. The Lettish troops have retired across the Dvina. Having blown up the bridges they have taken up a position at the bridge heads.

Artillery and machine-gun fire is now going on between the Lett and German troops. The latter are bombarding Riga with artillery and aeroplanes.

Desertions Are Reported

Berlin, October 11.—The Lokal Anzeiger learns from Mitau that many Lettish troops have joined Colonel Bermondt.

According to a telegram from Koenigsberg strong Esthonian columns are marching from Segewald on Riga.

The Lokal Anzeiger also learns that the British fleet has left Riga.

Bermondt Issues Edict

Copenhagen, October 11.—It is reported from Riga that Colonel Bermondt has proclaimed Courland and Mitau as belonging to the Russian Government, and has assumed the title of Governor General. He is supported by the German Baltic barons.

Shipping Held By Allies

Copenhagen, October 12.—A semi-official telegram from Berlin confirms the Stettin report published by the Abend Post that a telegram has reached Berlin from London informing the German government that owing to the attack on Riga severe restrictions will be put on German shipping in the Baltic.

It appears that the telegram from London was sent by the Interallied Naval Commission which also ordered the recall of the German mine sweepers.

According to advices from Helsingfors an Allied squadron accompanied by many Esthonian ships left Reval on October 10 for the Gulf of Riga presumably taking Esthonian troops to assist the Letts.

A Berlin telegram states that 50,000 Lettish troops are being landed at Libau with the help of British warships. The telegram adds that it is expected that they will be employed in a flank attack on Colonel Bermondt's army.

An Esthonian communique states "We have captured Yorhino and Lutski. A detachment of Russians captured Yamburg."

Berlin Gets Report

Berlin, Oct. 11.—According to the Stettin Abend Post a telegram from London has reached the German Government, which retransmitted it to the Baltic port authorities, informing Germany that owing to the attack on Riga free passage permits to German ships in the Baltic have been provisionally withdrawn, that all ships now in the Baltic must be recalled, that no other ships will be permitted to put to sea and

that all vessels encountered in the Baltic are liable to seizure.

Bermondt Becomes Russian

London, October 11.—Colonel Bermondt is described in Berlin as Generalissimo of the West Russian volunteer army but that army is largely German, as is confirmed in an interview with General von der Goltz at Mitau, published in Hamburg.

In this interview he said that only German soldiers who had joined Colonel Bermondt were remaining in Courland, and added that they were now foreigners whom no government could recall at the Entente's orders.

Sends Note To Entente

Berlin, October 11.—Colonel Bermondt handed a note to the Entente representatives in Mitau on October 8, in which he says that as head of the Russian army of the Western Provinces, he had concluded an agreement with the commanders of the German troops occupying the country, guaranteeing the gradual withdrawal of their troops to Germany, but the Lett and Esthonian troops violated the neutral zone, and attacked his troops which were replacing the German posts.

He therefore was compelled to occupy a new line which would facilitate the advance of the anti-Bolshevists. He hopes the Allied powers will support him in accordance with the treaties concluded with my country.

Colonel Bermondt also sent a note to the German Government expressing "Russia's thanks for the unforgettable services which the German troops have rendered saving the Russian border provinces from Bolshevism."

Calls Him Traitor

Stockholm, Oct. 12.—General Judenitch has issued an order of the day declaring Colonel Bermondt a traitor and expelling him from the army.

Helsingfors, Oct. 11.—According to advices from Reval the report which is being circulated that Lenin has been assassinated is denied, but it is stated that he has lost all influence and has been imprisoned by his colleagues lest he should try to flee the country.

MANCHESTER GUARDIAN DISCUSSES SHANTUNG

Suggests Japan Should Yield Ascendency Gained In War In China

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 9.—The Manchester Guardian, in a leading article, examines the Shantung question at length and expresses the opinion that Japan's case is legally good but that the real issue is equity and policy.

The journal says that while other powers sinned against China before the war the chief sinners were Russia, Germany and Japan. It suggests that Japan should renounce voluntarily the weapons against China which Russia and Germany have lost and that the whole system of spheres of influence and international banking exploitation as well as restrictions on China's tariff liberty should cease.

The Guardian denies that this would injure the prestige of Japan, whose propinquity and other natural advantages will still enable her to win a leading position in China's markets. Moreover, it adds, such a policy would open the way to Chinese sympathies which are now barred to Japan.

The Guardian remarks that the wisest minds in Japan are beginning to question the prudence of tactics of coercion and trickery. The journal however warns China that the above scheme is impossible unless she puts her own house in order by sweeping away military advanturers, subduing corruption and developing a sincere public spirit. Only thus, it concludes, can she be saved.

American Silk Men Give Tls. 5,000 For Silk Industry Here

The American Chamber of Commerce of China has just turned over to the International Committee for the Improvement of Sericulture in China a check for Tls. 5,000 on behalf of the Silk Association of America. The money which was contributed by the leading silk manufacturing concerns of the United States, will be used in the improvement of silk production and improvement in methods of marketing raw silk in China.

It will be remembered that two years ago, the Silk Association of America sent Mr. D. E. Douty, a silk expert, to China to investigate conditions. Mr. Douty spent several months here in lecturing before silk guilds and in screening moving pictures showing the modern methods used in the United States. The main cause that has handicapped China silk from the standpoint of the American market has been the method used here in reeling the skeins, which are not suitable for the highspeed looms in American mills.

Russian Grand Opera Company Opens Season Tonight

Top—Scene from "Aida" to be sung at the Lyceum Theater tonight by the Russian Opera Comp any; lower left Mme. Burskaya and Mme. Gusieva; lower right—Mr. D aniloff. These three artists will be in tonight's production.

Giuseppe Verdi's most popular work, "Aida," is the piece chosen by the Russian Grand Opera Company to open its season tonight at the Lyceum Theater. The Company comes here after tremendous seasons in cities of Japan and will be greeted by a large audience as advance bookings have been heavy.

Over eighty artists are in the Company which is to sing "Aida," "Faust," "Carmen," "Lakme," and "Tosca" this week.

Story Of Tonight's Opera

Aida is an Italian opera in four acts by Giuseppe Verdi. The scene is laid in Memphis and Thebes, in Pharaoh's time. The opera was written at the request of the Viceroy of Egypt, who wished to celebrate the opening of his new opera house at Cairo by the production of a work upon an Egyptian subject from the pen of the most popular composer of the time. It is one of the longest of all operas, lasting four hours and forty minutes when given without cuts. No work of Verdi's has proved more popular than Aida, with the possible exception of Trovatore, and it is beloved by opera-goers the world over. The story originated with Marietta Bey, the famous Egyptologist, and seems to have inspired Verdi to unusual efforts.

Aida, daughter of Amonasro, King of Ethiopia, has been captured by the Egyptians and is a slave at the Court of Memphis, where she and the young soldier Rhadames have fallen in love with each other. Rhadames goes to the Egyptian war, and during his absence the King's daughter, Amneris, discovers his attachment and is furious, as she herself loves Rhadames.

Rhadames returns, covered with glory and bringing many prisoners, among them Amonasro, Aida's father. The King releases all the prisoners except Amonasro, and bestows his daughter on the unwilling Rhadames.

In the next scene Amonasro forces his daughter to persuade Rhadames to become a traitor. The latter's love for Aida and his distaste for the approaching union with Amneris lead him to consent. Amneris however has overheard the plot, and after vainly trying to induce Rhadames to abandon Aida, she denounces him as a traitor, and he is condemned to be buried alive. When the vault is sealed he discovers Aida, who had concealed herself there that she might die with him; and the lovers slowly suffocate in each other's arms.

Many American Boats Arriving In Shanghai

Numerous American steamships have put into Shanghai in the past few days. The Devolents, owned by the U.S. Shipping Board, and chartered by the Asiatic Petroleum Company arrived yesterday with a cargo of oil from San Francisco. The ship cleared again for Hankow last evening.

The steamship, Stanley, chartered by Struthers and Dixon, arrived from America last week with lumber and general cargo. From here the vessel left for Manila. The Stanley Dollar arrived on Monday from San Francisco and left yesterday for Manila. The steamer, Archer of the Pacific Mail arrived recently from Manila and Hongkong.

French Airman Begins Flight To Australia

(Reuter's Service)

Issy les Moulineaux, October 12.—The French aviator Poulet started at 8:15 this morning for Geneva on the first stage of his Paris-Melbourne flight.

CHINESE DELEGATE SENT TO MEETING ON TIBET

Commissioner To Siberia Is To Leave Peking For Harbin Shortly

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 12.—The Government has received a telegram from General Hsiung Keh-wu stating that in compliance with the instructions of the Central Government, he delegated Mr. Yin Liang-yi to attend the conference on the situation on the Tibetan border, and that Mr. Yin left for Peking on September 21.

It is reported semi-officially that Mr. Le Chia-ao, Commissioner to Siberia, will leave here for Harbin tomorrow morning. This disposes of the report that Mr. Li was waiting to attend an important conference on railway affairs after the arrival of Major Stevens.

Mr. Liu Ching-jen, Chinese Minister to Tokio, has informed the Government that he will arrive at Peking on September 23 and leave here for Japan early next month.

Advertising Club To Meet Tonight

The Advertising Club of China will meet tonight at 9:15 o'clock at the Palace Hotel. Mr. C. P. Yeh will speak on the subject of "To what class of illustration will the ordinary Chinese reader react, and why?" The meeting will be open to the public.

SPEAKER FROM HAGUE COMING TO SHANGHAI

Miss Van der Flier To Lecture For Belgian Widows And Orphans

Miss Van der Flier, a well known speaker from the Hague, is expected in Shanghai on October 24. Her lecture will be devoted to conditions in Belgium and Holland, and she will show some unusually fine moving pictures to illustrate her subject.

Half of the receipts of Miss Van der Flier's lectures will go toward founding a garden city for Belgian widows and orphans, and the other half will be used for the benefit of Dutch children suffering from tuberculosis.

King Albert of Belgium, has authorised Miss Van der Flier's mission, and her work has been strongly recommended by President Wilson and Cardinal Mercier.

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DAY OF INDEPENDENCE CELEBRATED IN HUCHOW

Officials Of City, Military And Civil, However, Decline To Participate

(China Press Correspondence)

Huchow, October 10.—China's Independence Day was celebrated here with great eclat this afternoon, all the middle schools of the city, numbering about 700 students taking part. The celebration was originated by Soochow University Middle School, Number Three, which last year having a merely private celebration, decided this year to make the affair a more general one. It was hoped that the officials of the city, both civil and military, would honor the occasion, and that a company of soldiers might parade with the students and assist in the national salute. Evidently, however, the officials thought that to take part in any student celebration during these times of so much student activity would be quite beyond the mark. At least, one replied to his invitation that he was sick, and the others made no reply whatever, though invited personally by a representative student and a former.

The school campus had been decorated with colored lanterns and strings of flags, strung from the surrounding trees, and by an elaborate paper portal through which the guests were to enter. As the students came marching in with their bands playing, school and national flags flying, every student carrying in his hand a small flag, and deployed upon the field, the scene was an exhilarating one. The program was simple. The flag was run up to the top of the tall flag pole; a song, especially written for the occasion, was sung by the home school; a salute of twenty-one cannon crackers was fired; and vociferous cheers were given for the republic.

The students then marched into the church, where Mr. Pan, principal of one of the government middle schools, presided, and introduced the speakers with exceedingly polite expressions. Rev. Mr. Hendry made a short speech in his usual enthusiastic style to the pleasure of his hearers. He was followed by the brilliant young preacher, Mr. Kaung, pastor of the church, who in a speech of fifteen minutes stirred his audience to the highest pitch of patriotic fervor, nearly every one of his periods being punctuated with tremendous applause. It was a splendid opportunity and the speaker made the most of it, pressing home upon the students the necessity of a true understanding of what patriotism means.

The exercises closed with a selection by the band of Soochow University Middle School, Number Three, after which the schools formed in line and marched through the city.

STUDENTS AT NANKING HOLD DEMONSTRATION

Independence Day Celebrated With Gay Parades And Patriotic Exercises

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanking, Oct. 12.—The students of Nanking held a huge demonstration on October 10. The celebration was under the direction of the Students' League and all but one of the schools that are in the League were represented in the parades and on the Public Playground. The students from 25 schools came to the grounds carrying national flags and banners with popular inscriptions on them. They gathered before the platform near the flagstaff in a great semi-circle. It is estimated that there were 3,000 students besides a very large number of the people who came to see the "fun."

After a brief speech by the Vice-President of the League, the Boy Scouts raised the National flag on the pole. The salute to the flag was three bows and the people spontaneously joined the students in these bows although they had not been requested to do so. After some further speeches, groups of the students made their way among the people explaining to them the reasons for the celebration. Then, headed by the city band, the parade was formed and started to march through the city, but was shortly divided into three sections which marched in different directions.

Such celebrations in the past have been held at the behest of the authorities but no official was responsible for the conduct of this affair. The students take great pride in the fact that they have demonstrated their ability to control themselves on so large a scale.

In the evening the students of the University of Nanking held a magnificent demonstration on the campus. The Middle School boys marched up, each carrying a lantern, and a huge bonfire was lighted. A quantity of display fireworks was set off and a real Chinese band rendered fitting music. The climax of the affair was a lantern parade through the adjacent streets.

Peking Notes

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Recently the foreign friends of Peking University were given an opportunity to meet the new President, Dr. J. Leighton Stuart, and his wife, at a reception given by the Faculty of the University at the home of Dean and Mrs. W. T. Hobart, in the Methodist Mission Compound. Dr. H. H. Lowrie, who was President for so many years when the University was entirely under the Methodist Mission Board, assisted in the receiving line with Dr. and Mrs. Stuart and Mr. and Mrs. Hobart.

Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews, curator for the National Museum of Natural History of New York City, who has recently returned to Peking, states that he considers this his most successful hunting and collecting trip, as he brought back with him over a thousand specimens. He was accompanied on the trip by his wife and Mr. and Mrs. Andrews made their headquarters in and about Urga. Mr. Andrews is author of "Camps and Trails in China," as well as several other books and articles on the out-of-doors. Mrs. Andrews is an expert photographer and has made the illustrations for these books.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Wynne Martin have arrived in Peking recently and will remain here for several months. Mr. and Mrs. Martin were married last month in Yokohama at the American Consulate. Mr. Martin has had long experience in the Orient as Far-Eastern Representative of the American Car and Foundry Company.

Peking, October 11.—Among visitors now in Peking, seeing the sights of the capital and its environs, are Mr. Willard B. Millard, formerly United States Senator from Nebraska, with his wife and three sons and Mr. Henry Eichheim, first violinist in the Boston Symphony Orchestra, and his wife.

* * *

The Young Women's Christian Association has made the following plans for a Finance Campaign:

Oct. 6.—Monday 4:00; Meeting of Team Leaders.
Oct. 13.—Monday 3:00; Meeting of Teams.
Oct. 16.—Thursday 7:30; Dinner.
Oct. 18.—Saturday Workers' Supper.
Oct. 20.—Monday 3:30; Annual Meeting Y.W.C.A.
Oct. 21.—Tuesday Campaign Opens.
Oct. 23.—Thursday 3:30; First Rally, Reports.
Oct. 26.—Sunday 3:30; Inspirational Service.
Oct. 29.—Wednesday 3:30; Rally, Reports.
Nov. 1.—Saturday 3:30; Final Reports, Rally.

At the dinner which is to be held on Thursday, October 16, at the Y.M.C.A. on Hataman Street, the workers of the various teams will hear a presentation of the work.

* * *

Mr. E. C. Travis of New York City, General Agent for the American Linseed Company who has been in Peking for the last two weeks will leave tonight for Hankow. His wife and his niece. Miss Thelma Robinson, who accompanied him will leave Monday for Shanghai at which place Mr. Travis will join them later. After spending a few days in Shanghai they will sail for the Phillipines, enroute for the United States.

* * *

Mr. Samuel Hawthorne, representative of the Hamilton Brown Shoe Company of St. Louis, who has been in Peking on a short business trip left last night for Tientsin, from which place he will go to Manila. Mr. Hawthorne expects to return to Peking some time about the first of next year.

HALDANE IN MEMOIRS REVIEWS WORK OF 1912

Deals With His Activities In Berlin And With German Naval Program

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 9.—Lord Haldane, concluding his recollections in the Westminster Gazette, deals specially with his mission to Berlin in 1912. He refers to his efforts to arrive at an understanding, more particularly as regards the ambitious German fleet program, but he states that he found Admiral von Tirpitz exercising an adverse influence and steadily gaining power, which neither the ex-Kaiser nor Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg was able to withstand.

Lord Haldane says that he believes that Bethmann-Hollweg disapproved at heart of the policy which led to the outbreak of war, and concludes "Germany lies prostrate not dead. We must prepare by study and organisation against her competition in scientific industry. She will not attempt for generations to rebuild on her military foundations but there are other fields of activity."

Lord Haldane adds that in his opinion the people both in the United States and throughout the British Empire are coming to realise this.

PEKING TAKES ACTION AIMED AT SEMENOFF

His Withdrawal From Mongolia Purpose Of Orders Sent To Chang Tso-lin

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, October 10.—The Frontier Defense Bureau has sent a confidential message to General Chang Tso-lin at Mukden, instructing him to request Semenoff to withdraw his troops from Outer Mongolian territory and thereby avoid any possibility of trouble with the cavalry of the Outer Mongolian Government. From this instruction it appears that the Peking Government is lending full credence to the reports of Chen Yi, the Chinese Resident at Urga and that General Chang Tso-lin's optimistic reports on the nature of Semenoff's movements are at a discount here.

Chang and Chen Yi have been in constant conflict in reporting on the activities of Semenoff, the latter taking them seriously and expressing alarm over them, while Chang Tso-lin has stated repeatedly that Semenoff has no designs on Outer Mongolia and that China has nothing to fear from him and his men.

Peking, October 9.—On October 5, General Semenoff arrived in Kiachta with 1,600 Buriat troops and since then he has advanced into Mongolian territory as far as Wutung. Semenoff, who is nominally under the Omsk Government, has been acting independently for the last few weeks since it has seemed that the Kolchak Government might be unsuccessful in beating off the Bolshevists. The Japanese officers who were attached to the troops of Semenoff have supported him in these personal ambitions. Now as Semenoff is proceeding from Wutung to Urga, the Russian Consul at Urga has sent a telegram to the Omsk Government requesting it to order him to stop his advance. The Chinese authorities, on the other hand, are preparing to stop the advance by force, should it be necessary.

For this reason Mr. Chen Yi, the Chinese Amban at Urga, has sent a message to the Government asking it to instruct the 3rd. Brigade and the 8th. Regiment of the Frontier Defense Forces to proceed immediately to Urga to strengthen the Chinese military force already there. While there is some alarm in Peking in regard to this affair, it is believed, should trouble follow, that the Mongolian cavalry could easily overcome Semenoff's troops as they are neither well trained nor well equipped.

MISSIONARY MEETING IS HELD AT NINGPO

(China Press Correspondence)

Ningpo, October 8.—The first meeting of the Ningpo Missionary Association since the summer vacation was held last evening at the home of Rev. and Mrs. L. C. Hylbert. There were several in attendance for the first time as new members of the Association, among whom were Rev. Sidney McKee and his mother of the American Presbyterian Mission, South Gate, Shanghai, who are taking the place of Rev. and Mrs. C. B. Day for one year; also the Misses Lawrence, Irving and Hill of the American Baptist Mission. Rev. R. P. Montgomery also of South Gate, Shanghai, was there as a visitor and contributed to the discussion of the evening.

The paper of the evening was given by Rev. F. C. Wilcox on "Ways and Means of Student Aid in Christian Schools in China," and showed careful and constructive thought on the part of Mr. Wilcox. The material he presented was gathered largely from his experience as principal of the Ningpo Baptist Academy and the policy of his Mission in Central China, and showed that there has been great advancement in the matter of aid for students, and also that the question was not at all settled but needed still more constructive thinking on the part of all missionaries throughout China.

The discussion that followed was very helpful and interesting.

In the business meeting which followed a committee was appointed to write a letter to Mrs. R. Swallow formerly of the English Methodist Mission of Ningpo expressing the sympathy of the association because of the death of Dr. Swallow who labored for so many years in our midst. After the business meeting refreshments were served which were greatly enjoyed by all.

Dr. Sun To Speak On National Salvation

Dr. Sun Yat-sen will address members of the World's Chinese Students' Federation Saturday at 7 o'clock. The subject of his speech will be the "Momentous Problem of National Salvation."

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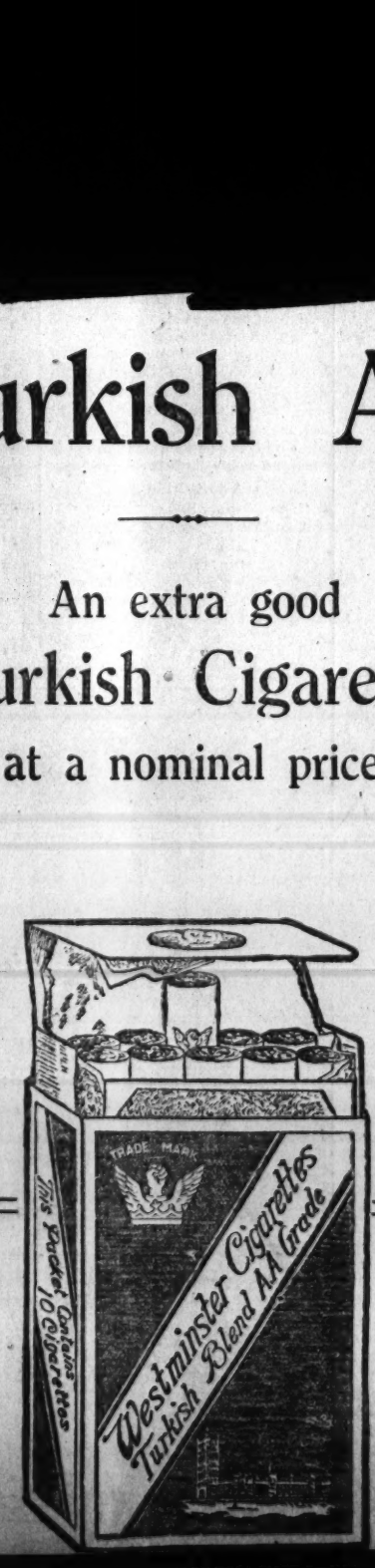

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Tientsin Consuls Stop Police From Closing Up Defiant Newspapers

American Official Threatens To Send Detachment Of Fifteenth Infantry, If Necessary

Tientsin, Oct. 11.—Threat[illegible] made by the Chin[illegible] terday [illegible]

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ment must come from the American Congress. The Filipino people have asked for absolute and complete independence and have proved that they are capable of governing themselves. Any plan that Congress suggests will be considered by the Filipinos."

"At present I see no fundamental objection to the Platt Amendment but I would hesitate to say that I am absolutely in favor of it until it is laid before the people

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[illegible] endment, under which Cuba enjoys autonomy, should mould the destiny of the Philippines.

"Any plan that will further the cordial relations between Americans and Filipinos, any arrangement that will cement the friendship now existing, will satisfy the Filipino people," said Mr. Osmena.

Filipinos Await Plan

"The Philippine Legislature will not submit a plan to Congress nor will the Filipino people propose an arrangement whereby the United States will guarantee the independence of the Islands against the agression of any power," said Mr. Osmena. "That plan or arrange-

Social Welfare Editor's Statement

The editors of the Yi Shih Pao, (Social Welfare) interviewed, stated that General Yang I-teh and other officials are laying plans to close both their Peking and Tientsin offices. A representative of the police Commissioner, they stated, consulted the local American Consul-General regarding the proposition, and was informed that it is not within the jurisdiction of the police to close the paper.

Tientsin Students Strike

Tientsin students declared a four days' strike of classes beginning yesterday morning, in which to push their demand for the dismissal of Police Commissioner Yang I-teh, whom they accuse of being the "Destroyer of Justice."

A campaign of street speaking which swept along East Wall Street was the aftermath of the immense demonstration of day before yesterday. Girl students took a large part, as they did in the demonstration the day before.

The students claim that five girl and four men students, and one Boy Scout were injured Friday, and are at present receiving medical attention in four various hospitals of the city.

Want Martial Law?

Two-hundred and eighty-three local merchants, at the invitation of Police Commissioner Yang I-teh, met at the local police yamen yesterday and sent a joint telegram to the Central Government asking for the declaration of martial law in Tientsin.

Every sub-police station sent out invitations by police messengers at 8 a.m. to the merchants to assemble in the police yamen at 2 p.m. for the formation of a "Society to Plan Methods for Suppression." Those who did not arrive on time were reminded by the personal visit of a gendarme. The meeting was led by Commissioner Yang and Colonel Ting, who suggested that the police were no longer able to protect the merchants owing to the agitation of the students, and that the latter should telegraph Peking asking for emergency measures. The telegram as prepared and despatched to the President and Premier at 5 p.m. stated that the students' demonstrations are hindering trade

Siberia Facing Worst Epidemic In Its History

Typhus Brought From Battle Front By Soldiers Spreading Among Civil Population

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, October 11.—Siberia is threatened with one of the greatest typhus epidemics in history, according to reports from Colonel Teusler and his party of Red Cross representatives who have been in Western Siberia for six months. The cases among the Siberian troops since January 1 last number 120,000 and since July 1, 40,000.

Fresh cases now total a thousand daily. Trains from the front bring loads of stricken soldiers ragged and varminous. All the present disinfection and hospital resources are overwhelmed and the fever is rapidly spreading among healthy soldiers.

Typhus is also spreading among the civil population in Western and Middle Siberia and there are indications that by mid-winter it will reach enormous proportions.

The pressure of refugees fleeing from the Bolsheviki in July, August and September is overcrowding all the cities from Omsk eastwards. A countless number of refugees are living in the fields. The situation forecasts privations and deaths greater than last winter. The Omsk Department of the Interior reports that 230,000 new refugees have been registered bringing the total up to half a million.

Near Omsk 30,000 are actually without shelter, winter is approaching and thousands are digging holes in the ground to escape freezing.

The sanitary conditions are frightful, and unless the American Red Cross can furnish relief the death toll this winter will be far beyond anything previously known in Siberia. The Russian Red Cross estimates mortality among children at thirty percent and it is increasing. The country has been stripped of all medical accessories, hospital supplies clothing and underwear, and the peoples' organisations, Zemstvos, town unions, provincial governments and also the Russian Red Cross are begging the American Red Cross for assistance as their only hope in face of the desperate situation.

In the opinion of the Red Cross officials the reverses sustained by Admiral Kolchak's army are due to the inadequacy of sanitary facilities at the front. The troops are now better in morale.

Colonel Teusler and his party are making investigations with a view to expanding the sanitary measures. The Army Sanitary and Interior Departments have asked the American Red Cross for assistance in planning and superintending the construction and operation of quarantine camps for soldiers and refugees and also for housing and medical and clothing relief.

The American Red Cross is now operating a finely equipped hospital train, handling the wounded direct from the front. It has sent special cards to the front to distribute medicaments and instruments direct to the hospitals and the mobile field hospital units serving with the armies on the Tobsisk and Kuran fronts.

Colonel Teusler and his party are leaving Omsk for Vladivostok. They received the fullest support and co-operation from the Kolchak Government which voluntarily placed at the disposal of the American Red Cross all their own facilities for emergency relief.

Wedding

Pomeroy-Mace

Mr. P. Frank Pomeroy of Messrs. Garner, Quelch and Company of Shanghai and Miss Dorothy Mace were married at the American Consulate-General in Tientsin Saturday by the Reverend Alexander King in the presence of Mr. P. S. Heintzleman, Consul-General.

Captain Kelly acted as best man and Mrs. Edyth Medaris, sister of the bride, was matron of honor.

Following the ceremony they left for their honeymoon in Japan.

French General Made Syrian Commissioner

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 9.—General Gouraud, who as commander of the French fourth army stopped the last German drive east of Rheims and who lost an arm in Gallipoli, has been appointed French High Commissioner in Syria and Commander-in-chief of the French army in the Near East.

Peking Ministries Settle Boat Dispute

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, October 5.—The long dispute between the Ministry of Navy and the Ministry of Communications concerning the disposal of the confiscated enemy ships was settled at yesterday's Cabinet meeting in the following way. Two of the ships are to be under the direct control of the Ministry of Navy and the remaining eleven are to be given over to the Ministries of Agriculture, Communications and Commerce for the purpose of organising a navigation company.

However, should an emergency arise the Ministry of Navy is to have a free use of all the ships as it sees fit.

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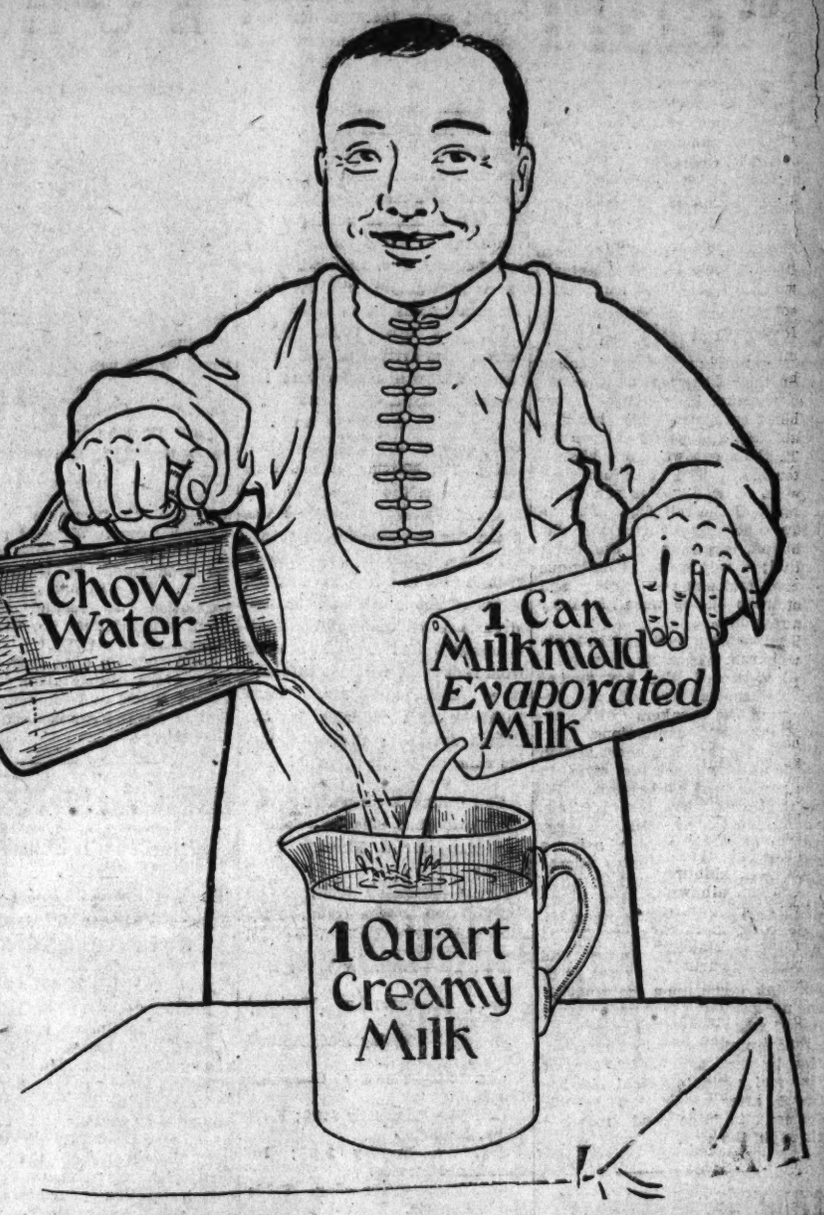

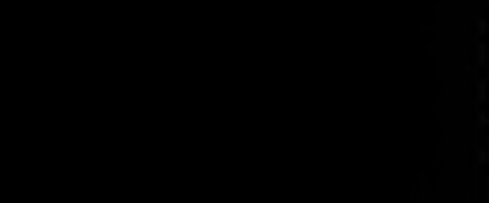

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Nearly 100 members of the American Company attended the first smoker of the year last night, held in the Navy Y.M.C.A. gymnasium, and the affair was such a success that others will be held probably at least once a month through the winter. Boxing bouts, one of which ended in a faked knock-out, provided the excitement of the evening.

Officially it was the entertainment of the American Company Glee Club but the Glee Club has so expanded that it now is practically synonymous with the Company. To prove it, everyone present took part in the balloting for officers. Mr. H. E. Marsden was elected president, Mr. V. E. Scott, vice-president, Mr. A. C. Davis, secretary, and Mr. A. S. Goldsmith, treasurer. In addition, an executive committee to manage social affairs was chosen, including the four officers and the following: Messrs. George A. Fitch, V. Olson, J. D. Sullivan, H. T. Bradley, and R. K. Hykes.

The business of the Club was soon finished and then Mr. Jack Raynes took charge. Sheets, on which were printed a list of late songs, were passed around. Mr. Raynes sat at the piano but he did much more. He directed and exhorted and instructed.

"This is the way the bass goes," he would say and then, singing it, all the hoarse bassos would join in. This he followed quickly with the tenor, and in another minute the whole troupe was singing in a fashion to make the building shake. The songs lasted perhaps half an hour. Meanwhile Mr. J. D. Sullivan was directing his catering crew in arranging the stacks of "hot dog" sandwiches, doughnuts and trays of coffee. These were munched while the boxing bouts were in progress.

Boxing Bouts Entertaining

The boxing gave an edge to the entertainment that will probably be a feature of subsequent programs. But Young Sunnycalb, who was matched with Porky Flynn in the first, a three-round affair, sort of fooled the spectators who heard Mr. Goldsmith announce that "these boys will box an exhibition."

Sunnycalb with a right downward chop on the jaw dropped Flynn in the first round. Referee Maxwell, who was already figuring a draw, was so astonished that he forgot to count. Flynn made the mistake of swapping punches with Sunnycalb in the second and third rounds, too. And in each of these sessions, the floor again rose and met Flynn. When the latter used a straight jab, he was effective against Sunnycalb. But Sunny packed the wallop in that right of his and consistently started his swings from Canton—and sometimes caught Flynn on the head and jaw.

Young Chestlock Good

The second bout gave Young Chestlock, a well-set-up marine, a chance to show the landsmen a clever exhibition of boxing. His opponent Creveling was game enough and was willing but Chestlock was much too good. The boy jabbed his left and darted away like a man that had seen the inside of a ring before, had a sweet one-two punch and could dodge and box. To cap the exhibition, when Creveling tired in the third round, Chestlock completely fooled the crowd by taking an imaginary punch on the jaw, pulling a perfect fall and rolling as would a man who had received a killer. He then arose, made a neat little bow and walked out of the ring with his opponent who had ostensibly delivered the "knockout punch." The stunt was one that brought hearty applause.

Mr. Stormes Sings

The program closed with songs by Messrs. G. B. Stormes of the Customs office and Fred Green and there was a piano selection by Mr. A. B. Calder of the Grace China Company. President Marsden announced that a questionnaire would be sent around to find out the opinion of the members on the forms of entertainment, whether there should be one dance or many and whether or not the Company should attempt a theatrical performance.

The Company has talent. A theatrical performance would not only give the talented members a chance but would be a popular entertainment. Incidentally, it would aid in recruiting.

In awarding trophies won at the shooting while the unit was in camp, Captain S. A. Ransom congratulated the American team that yesterday defeated a picked team representing Great Britain and the world, an aggregation that included the best shots in [illegible]

The following prizes were awarded:

Aggregate	Score
Sharpshooters Cup, Medal & Jacob Cup, Lt. Baldwin	143
1st prize, Corp. Adamson	137
2nd prize, Sergt. Hanson	134
3rd prize, Pvt. E. N. Heen	125
4th prize, Pvt. Row	123

Event 1.—The 'Officers'

	Score
1st prize, Sergt. Hanson	53
2nd prize, Sergt. Britton	52
3rd prize, Corp. Adamson	52
4th prize, Pvt. E. N. Heen	51

Event 2.—The "N.C.O.S."

	Score
1st prize, Pvt. Row	44
2nd prize, Pvt. Hykes	40
3rd prize, Sergt. Davis	38
4th prize, Pvt. C. E. Ollerdessen	37.4

Event 3.—The 'Privates'

	Score
1st prize, Corp. Fitch	55
2nd prize, Corp. Twogood	50.6
3rd prize, Pvt. Stafford	49.5
4th prize, Pvt. J. T. R. Turner	47.3

Bullseye Prize

Corp. Chatom 6 bulls, score 112

Fewest Miss Prize

Pvt. Kline ..... 3 misses

AMERICAN TEAM WINS INTERNATIONAL SHOOT

High Gun Prize, However, Goes To W. J. Terrill, Who Shot For England

The friendly rifle match between the Americans and the Internationals was shot off yesterday at 7 a.m. and was won by the Americans by 11 points.

The weather conditions were excellent and some remarkably good scores were registered. W. J. Terrill (English) won the "High Gun" prize with 99 points out of 105; next came Hykes and Bradley (Americans) and Snape (Welsh) with 98 each.

The American Team led from the beginning, one point at 200 yards, 4 points at 300 yards and 6 points at 600 yards.

At the conclusion of the competition Mr. W. T. Rose (Captain of the International Team), in a few well chosen words congratulated the winners on their success, and presented the American Team with the shield and each man of the winning team with a souvenir and also Mr. W. J. Terrill of the International Team the High Gun prize. Mr. V. Olsen, Captain of the American Team replied, and with three rousing cheers from each team, an excellent morning's sport was brought to a close.

The thanks of the teams are extended to Capt. Chieri of the Italian Co. S.V.C. for giving up their morning shoot for this competition to Messrs. H. W. Lambert and W. J. Taylor for acting as Referees (at the Firing and in the Butts) and to the Register Keepers (members of the American and Chinese Cos.).

Following are the results of the competition:

American Team

Names	200	300	600	Total
R. K. Hykes	30	33	35	=98
H. Bradley	33	34	31	=98
H. W. Dawson	30	31	33	=94
S. A. Ransom	29	30	34	=93
G. F. Ashley	30	30	33	=93
A. Goldsmith	31	31	29	=91
W. E. Sauer	31	32	28	=91
A. C. Davis	28	30	32	=90
T. C. Britton	29	30	31	=90
R. F. Wilner	31	31	21	=83
H. E. Marsden	27	25	27	=79
E. Heen	28	29	22	=79(b)

International Team

Names	200	300	600	Total
W. J. Terrill, English	31	34	34	=99(a)
F. W. Snape, Welsh	33	34	31	=98
C. Bedoni, Italian	31	30	34	=95
A. M. Collaco, Portuguese	30	32	32	=94
A. L. Mottu, Swiss	28	34	29	=91
R. I. Ito, Japanese	29	30	30	=89
G. V. Jensen, Danish	27	31	30	=88
C. Reeves, Irish	28	29	28	=85
K. D. Chen, Chinese	30	27	27	=84
C. E. M. Thomson, Scotch	31	28	25	=84
D. McAllister-New-Zealand	29	24	29	=82
E. H. Lynch, Australian	29	29	21	=79(b)

(a) Winner of the High Gun prize.

(b) Lowest score to subscribe $1.50 for the High Gun prize.

Whizz Bangs Again

All ex-service men whether members or not of the Whizz Bangs Sport Club, are invited to play in a scratch match at the Widows' Monument Ground, the Race Course, on Saturday at 2:45 p.m. Intending players are requested to send in their names to Mr. R. R. Jones, 1a Jinkee Road, or by telephone to J. A. Cheeseman. (Telephone Central 233). Togs will be supplied.

Lawn Tennis

The team for the French Club in order of play against the Rest of Shanghai, on Saturday, will be:

J. S. McEachran, A. H. George, H. Toussaint, Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, J. Elmore, C. G. Humphreys, L. R. Wheen, W. R. Butchart, T. Bannister, J. E. Hargreaves.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Royal Asiatic Society, North China Branch, announces that a meeting of the society will be held in the lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, on Thursday afternoon, October 23, at 5:30 o'clock. The lecture will be given by Dr. Arthur Stanley, president of the society, and his subject will be "Greek and Chinese Art Ideals."

At The Mixed Court

Ignorance of banking led one Ng Yoong-tsang into the hands of the law Saturday instead of into the possession of $3,000 as it is alleged he expected. He was working at the Chung Mei News Agency, 34 Nanking Road. By mistake the postman brought an American express letter, addressed to the Shanghai Ice and Cold Storage Company and left it.

When the mistake was discovered the postman had gone, so the letter was put out on the office boy's desk for the postman to get again on his next call. It is supposed that the accused opened it and removed the check. He, it was, at least, who presented the check for $3,000 and asked for the cash at the Chartered Bank. But the paper was made out to "selves" and needed the endorsement of the Cold Storage company. Instead, the name, Shanghai Trading Company, appeared on the back. Clearly there was something wrong and the bank teller sent for the police.

The case which came up in the Mixed Court was remanded for one week pending further investigations.

The Midnight Guest

Lah Yi-ding, who was merely a guest for the night at his friend's house on Purdon Road, made the capture of a real live burglar Sunday. He was awakened by the noise of someone trying to get in at the rear of the house, he told the Mixed Court.

Instead of going that way direct, he slipped out by the front door and went around the house. There he caught a man in the act of examining the clothing that hung in the kitchen. He held him and called for the police.

In court the offender was sentenced to one year and ordered expelled from the Settlement. He was found to have a record of ten previous convictions.

He Sold Fuhlee Bread

Persistence on the part of a Hongkew Market hawker in selling imitation Fuhlee bread is only equalled by the persistence of the firm of Hall & Holtz, the makers of the original, in having him stopped. The man was sentenced in the Mixed Court one week ago and fined.

Monday he was again in the prisoners' box with evidence a plenty in the form of loaves and the testimony of several witnesses to the fact that he had been continuing the fraudulent practise.

This time Assessor Blackburn and Magistrate Li ruled that he should go to jail for two weeks with no choice of paying a fine.

Pickpocketing on crowded streets cars has become tame and unprofitable sport since the posting of warnings, so a new way had to be invented. The first of the new professionals appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday. A Cantonese visitor appeared to testify against him and stated that as he came from his lodgings on Avenue Edward VII Monday afternoon the thief posing as a ricsha man, urged him to ride in his conveyance, even attempting to pull him into it. He refused and the man left. Later the complainant discovered that his pocket book containing $68 was gone. The French police caught the man an hour later and in court he confessed. His sentence at the hands of American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Li was four months.

When the police raided a supposed gambling den at 106 North Honan Road Monday night they found that their suspicions were correct but more than that for they discovered one of their own number among the twenty customers arrested. Chinese police Constable No. 1423, on leave, was there in uniform. He was so surprised to see his old friends that he did not even attempt to claim credit for an independent raid. He paid his one dollar fine along with the others in the Mixed Court yesterday and is now awaiting an announcement from his superior officers concerning the permanence of his employment.

Shanghai police authorities think that they have in custody a shoplifter in the person of Zung Yui-ling, whose case was remanded for one week by the Mixed Court yesterday to permit of inquiries. The man called at the silk department of Wing On's Monday and after looking at various articles strolled away. Soon after the clerks of that department missed a certain roll of silk. An assistant went looking for the man and found him in another department. He was searched and beneath his clothing was found the roll of silk. Furthey examination disclosed a number of pawn tickets in the sole of one sock all of which related to silk.

Two Chinese boys employed as shop assistants at Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company were brought into the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of petty larceny. Mr. A. J. Gunn, assistant manager at the store, testified that shortly after opening for business yesterday morning, as he passed down the aisle, he heard the older boy sound a warning hiss to the younger.

The assistant manager followed the younger one into a small room where he appeared to be busy with a duster.

There he stopped him and asked him to open his hand, the one that held the duster. At first the boy refused and then, complying, revealed a pair of silk stockings tightly wadded. Each boy was sentenced by American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Li to one week in jail.

A Chinese who was found within the premises at 778 East Yalu Road early Tuesday morning gave as his excuse in the Mixed Court yesterday that he was merely looking for a boy who works for a Japanese and had wandered in the wrong gate. The householder, however, testified that he found the man inside a room, prying open a box. The police presented his record of eight previous convictions. The court sentenced him to six months and re-expulsion.

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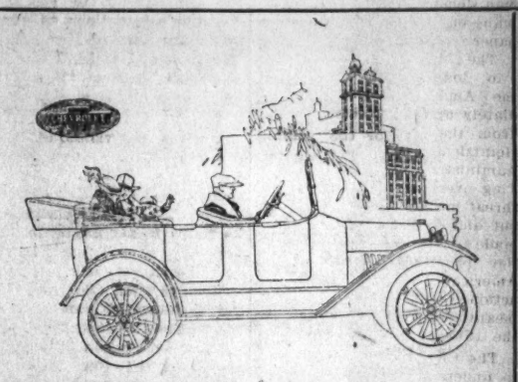

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LITERARY DEPARTMENT WILL MEET TOMORROW

American Woman's Club Branch To Hold First Session Of Year

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will hold its first meeting of the season tomorrow afternoon at the Carlton Cafe.

Mrs. F. J. White of Shanghai College will speak on "Primitive Chinese Art—the Pacific influence." Various examples of primitive Pacific art from Java, Alaska and China will be shown.

Mrs. Mabie will give a brief sketch of the writer Fenellosa.

All members of the American Woman's Club will be welcomed to the opening meeting, and an invitation is extended to newly arrived American women.

The program for the coming season on Chinese art is as follows:

I.—Physical features
II.—The people
Concluded in 1918-1919
III.—Intellectual features
1. Art
(A) Historical epochs
(B) General survey of art objects
1. Fine Arts:
Architecture
Sculpture
Painting
Landscape, portrait, animal, flowers and fruits.
2. Art crafts:
Pottery and Porcelain
Bronzes
Enamels
Cloisonne, champleve, painted
Lacquer
Textiles
Tapestry, woven silks, embroideries and rugs
Jewelry
Glass
Carvings

SPECULATION AROUSED BY MANGIN'S REMOVAL

Change In Command Of Army Of Occupation Subject Of Comment In French Press

(*American Press Wireless*)

Lyons, France, October 9.—The relief of General Mangin as Commander of the French forces of the Army of Occupation has caused considerable comment in the French press and among the officers of the American Army who are still on duty in France.

Current reports are circulating to the effect that M. Wiralam, ex-War Minister of France, is behind the removal of General Mangin but efforts are being made to show that the French veteran was replaced because the Peace Mission of the United States and the American Rhine command objected because the General favored the formation and continuation of the Republic of the Rhine.

This later report, however, is officially denied and it is stated that while the American forces in the Army of Occupation on the Rhine did not mix up in aiding the dissatisfied Germans in setting up the Rhine Republic, it is stated, that there was no trouble with General Mangin and that no pressure was exerted for Mangin's removal by the American Peace Commission.

It was General Mangin who was detailed by Marshal Petain to save Verdun and who after holding the Crown Prince's forces at Fleury during the summer, recaptured Vaux and Douamont in the fall of 1916. General Neville made Mangin his chief lieutenant, but the appointment was stopped by French politicians. Afterward Neville was succeeded by Petain as commander-in-chief and Mangin was placed upon the retired list with Foch.

In the summer of 1917 after Marshal Foch had been made Generalissimo of the Allied Forces on the Western Front, he selected General Mangin to command the newly formed Tenth Division of the French Army which with the First and Second Divisions of the United States Army and the French Moroccan Division carried the German Marne salient and compelled the evacuation of Chateau-Thierry. Afterwards using the Thirty-second Division of the United States Army, General Mangin took Chemin-des-Dames in a flank attack and stormed Laon.

General Mangin was also in command of the French and American Army which would have attacked on November 13 of last year north of Luneville if the Germans had not signed the armistice on November 11.

Last spring just previous to the seizing of power in Hungary by Bela Kun, the French suggested that General Mangin be sent to that country to maintain order but the British insisted on sending General Smuts instead.

General Mangin has many friends among the officers of the higher command of the United States Army including General Pershing, General Bullard and others and is regarded in the military circles of the Allied Forces by many as the best Allied general the war produced.

Our London Letter

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

London, August 25.—With the rising of Parliament for the Autumn recess it seems appropriate to refer to the legislative labors of the past session. On the whole the general opinion as reflected in newspapers of every shade of party color is that the record is disappointing. Not that the legislative machine has been idle; on the contrary there never was more activity in that respect. Bills galore have been introduced dealing with a variety of subjects such as housing, town planning, land settlement for ex-service men, the creation of a new Ministry of Health, and other matters indicating an almost feverish anxiety to justify the Coalition's intentions as summed up in the blessed word Reconstruction, and to fulfil the Prime Minister's promise to make this "a land fit for heroes to live in."

The fly in the ointment is the absence of any visible attempt on the part of the Government to cut down expenditure. Mr. Lloyd George spoke for three hours on the eve of the adjournment, but he failed to say anything on this head which satisfies Parliament or the country. His speech was well advertised before-hand in the Government papers. Everyone was told to expect a clear and definite declaration from him as the head of the Government. There was nothing of the sort.

On this one question, on which more than any other, the public has been (and still is) waiting for a lead—the question of our financial position—the Prime Minister was obscure. In particular it was hoped that he would state by what means and to what extent economy would be enforced on the great spending Departments; but not only was there no information about this, but there was no assurance that retrenchment will be attempted.

Prime Minister's Explanation

The fact that the Prime Minister deemed it expedient—within a few days of delivering the speech referred to—to issue a long summary of "proposals and discussions" dealt with in the House when he spoke for three hours, together with "one or two proposals" to which he "had no time to refer," is a sufficient indication that he realises that he has not had what is called a "good Press."

The newspapers, as I have said, are by no means friendly; and it is rather ominous that Mr. Lloyd George's "second thoughts" are tucked away in the Times between the Estate Market column and a paragraph about "A Drifting and Waterlogged Mine." The "proposals and discussions" have fallen flat. Led by the Times the Northcliffe papers are talking to the Prime Minister in no uncertain voice of critical disapproval. Their attitude towards him and the Coalition generally is somewhat like that expressed in one of Rochefoucauld's "Maxims"—"We are not enemies, but we are no longer friends."

The plain truth of the matter is that the country is seriously alarmed at the financial situation as disclosed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer (mentioned in a recent article) when he declared that we are on the verge of bankruptcy. Why, it is demanded should we be spending 4½ millions a day? To make matters worse for the Government evidence of official waste and extravagance are coming to light and helping to fan the fires of criticism.

Newspaper Opinion

The Mail says the Prime Minister's failure to announce definite measures of retrenchment "shows that he has no grip of the situation" which is such a "source of anxiety and danger to the public." The Times states that "on the subject of national finance, which transcends all others in importance he (Mr. Lloyd George) was vague and unconvincing."

The Morning Post is reminded by the Prime Minister's speech of "another famous oration delivered by another great economist." "Annual income," said Mr. Wilkins Micawber to Mr David Cooperfield, "twenty pounds, annual expenditure nineteen six, result happiness. Annual income twenty pounds, annual expenditure, twenty pounds ought and six, result misery. The blossom is blighted, the leaf is withered, the God of day goes down upon the dreary scene, and—and, in short, you are floored for ever. As I am!" And that, says the Post was much the advice and much the position of the Prime Minister.

There is no occasion to multiply quotations. It is sufficient to say that there is dissatisfaction with the failure of the Government to grapple with the problem of national finance.

The opportunity for the expression of public opinion in the House of Commons is withdrawn till the re-assembling of Parliament at the end of October; but all the same the demand is made that the Prime Minister must use some of that extraordinary energy which raised him in war time head and shoulders above everyone to cut down expenditure in the most ruthless way. One direction in which this should be done, it is said, is in connection with the war in Russia which is costing the country nearly two millions a week. Another is the demobilisation of Government offices in which there is still half a million clerks. "We have demobilised the army," says the man in the street and in the train, "and we must now demobilise the Bureaucracy."

Force of Public Opinion

Of course it would be quite a mistake to assume from this presentation of the current state of opinion that the country is in violent revolt against the Government. Things do not move so swiftly as that. What is happening is that in accordance with the practical British way of looking at things it is seen that we cannot go on spending 4½ millions a day with an income of 2½ millions. It is a case of cuting one's coat according to one's cloth; and therefore if the present Government shows itself unable to reduce expenditure another will have to be found that can.

After all, this is in itself a proof—the best proof possible—that the country is returning to a sound and stable condition of things in a political and economic sense. The critical spirit which is as the breath of life of an enlightened Democracy, although deadened by Press censorship and other causes inseparable from war time, is again awakening. That most elusive but irresistible force which we call public opinion is being asserted again. And from this it can be inferred that the political instinct in England is as sound as ever it was. Moreover, there is this to be noted—that as the working classes are more clearly understanding the real position threats of strikes on a big scale are receding into the region of the remote and nebulous. The common sense of the people in the mass is proving too much for the wild men whose plans for "direct action" are only a thin disguise for revolution.

Passengers Arrived

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from Seattle: Misses L. Campbell, J. B. Turnbull, P. Berthet, A. Burskaya, Daniroff, L. Goodfellow, Osapova, A. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Rayner, Mrs. M. S. Wisner and 2 children, Capt. O. Dykes, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roberts and child, Mr. and Mrs. John, Mr. and Mrs. E. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Greenbaun and children, Mr. and Mrs. H. and Miss I. Schlee, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Bucher and 6 children, Mr. and Mrs. G. K. and Mr. R. Chassevent, Mr. and Mrs. Fischer, Mr. and Mrs. Teodroff, Miss A. Teodroff, Mr. and Mrs. Preobragensky, Mrs. D. E. Hayes, Messrs. A. Turnbull, L. Greenbaun, W. B. Dawson, A. Austin, Daniroff, Ling, Feurst, A. Lavrenteff, M. N. Mandelwitsch, Y. C. Young, W. T. S. Nien; through passengers for Manila: Mr. and Mrs. I. Frank, Mr. and Mrs. E. Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. Raisner, Misses C. Pamintuan and child, C. W. Sydney, Mr. and Mrs. C. Whitney, Messrs. F. Pamintuan, V. Villanin, J. B. Weirich, C. M. Higgins and child, R. D. Plageman, J. A. Ranus.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangyu from River ports: Mrs. Seranton, Mrs. Porter and 2 children, Mrs. Hansen and son, Mrs. Varden, Mr. U. J. Martin.

Per C.N. s.s. Sunning from Hongkong: Miss E. McGowan, Mrs. A. S. Baskett, Messrs. F. W. Chapple, A. A. Simoes, Mr. and Mrs. Petterson.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. McWatt, Mrs. Breaker.

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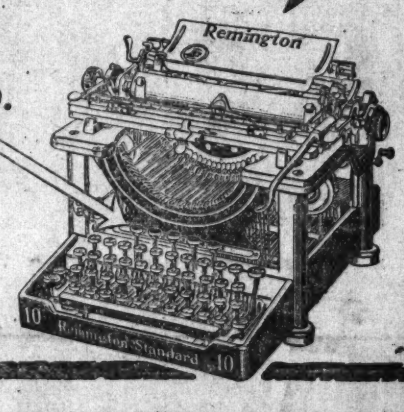

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(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

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F. R. C. S., Ed.

has commenced practice at 491 Avenue Joffre. Hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6, or by appointment. Telephone No. West 1126. 25880

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

S.S. ARCHER
From San Francisco

This steamer is now discharging all her cargo, except Opium and Munitions of War, at the China Merchants Eastern Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Bad Order cargo will be examined at above Wharf on Thursday, October 16th 1919. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within Fourteen Days from date of arrival of steamer. All risk of Fire at the Wharf and Godowns is to be borne by the Consignees.—
PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO.
Agents.
25877

ALL MAKES OF
TYPEWRITERS
from $50 up

Underwoods, Models 4 and 5
Remingtons, „ 7 and 10
Olivers, Models 3-5-7-9
Royals, Model 1

"National" Portable in Case only $75.00

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbauch

The Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited

Issue of Tls. 250,000 6% Debentures of April 1, 1900

NOTICE is hereby given to the holders of 6% Debentures of the Company, of the issue of Tls. 250,000 made by the Company on the 1st day of April, 1900, that such Debentures will be redeemed, according to the tenour thereof, on the 1st day of April, 1920, that no interest will be paid after that date, and that the amount of each Debenture will be paid to registered holder thereof, by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at Shanghai at par, and at Hongkong, Yokohama and London, at the Banks' buying rate for sight drafts on Shanghai, on delivery up of the Debentures properly endorsed.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.
Shanghai, October 1, 1919.
25636

Szechwan Crepe de Chine
Direct from the Source of Supply, to any Address in the World.

Travelling through Szechwan Province more than 600 years ago Marco Polo, the celebrated Venetian Explorer, observed this beautiful Crepe de Chine. He took it to Kublai Kahn, the greatest Emperor the world has ever known and Kublai Kahn presented it to the most favoured women of his court, adding charm and beauty to the already most beautiful women in the world. Send us your cheque or Chinese Post Office money order for $20. In return we will mail you one roll of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. Width 26 inches, length 27 feet. Original Shade.

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China.

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang
Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens
Vacant: One large room with bath room attached. Suitable for couple. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET
From September 5th, one large bedroom. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

TO LET with board, large comfortable newly furnished flat. All modern comforts, telephone and garage. Excellent cuisine. Apply to Box 22, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, with board, a large comfortable furnished room, with verandah and bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. 28 Carter Road.
25886

TO LET, two unfurnished rooms with bathroom, breakfast if required, in Darroch Road. Apply to Box 129, THE CHINA PRESS.
25831 O.14

TO LET, on Range Road, a partly furnished flat and two large rooms with verandah and a bathroom. Apply to Box 136, THE CHINA PRESS.
25837

OFFICE TO RENT

DESK ROOM to let in office, centrally located. Modern building. Use of telephone. Apply to Box 157, THE CHINA PRESS.

HOUSES WANTED

HOUSE, part of house, or apartment, furnished, desired for occupancy about November 1st, by small family. Rental moderate. Address E. W. Meekins, San [illegible]
25895 O.22

WANTED, furnished house. Give all particulars. Apply to Box 146, THE CHINA PRESS.
25860 O.26

WANTED to rent, from about 1st January, 1920, a six or seven-roomed house, furnished or unfurnished, with garden and garage, in Western District. Apply to Box 149, THE CHINA PRESS.
25878 O.19

WANTED, December 1st, furnished house, Western district or French settlement. Detached house preferred, within reasonable distance of tram lines. Will take lease for six months or more. Apply to Box 131, THE CHINA PRESS.
25833 O.15

WANTED to rent for three to five years from November, December, January, unfurnished residence having modern sanitary conveniences also large garden, tennis and garage. Willing to pay good rate for first-class property in good neighborhood, French Concession or Western district. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.
25823 O.16

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, No. 11 Tifeng Road, at Jessfield Road, Seven-roomed Residence, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.
25624

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, desirable offices, centrally located, consisting of three large rooms, from November 1st. Apply to Box 138, THE CHINA PRESS.
25840 O.18

TO LET, office room on Peking Road, 1st floor, Tls. 55 per month. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd.
25791

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms (now occupied by L'epargne Franco-Chinoise) with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
25793

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN seeks position as manager or import manager with firm in China. Has practical experience in sundry imports, financing, shipping, Customs, accounting, etc. Apply to Box 150, THE CHINA PRESS.
25887 O.17

AFTER 5 p.m. Chinese (varied experience) wishes employment in any capacity. Apply to Box 145, THE CHINA PRESS.
25868 O.15

EXPERIENCED Chinese stenographer, with knowledge of bookkeeping, filing and general office work, desires engagement. Apply to Box 148, THE CHINA PRESS.
25873 O.15

YOUNG lady seeks position as bookkeeper or assistant in office work; had college training and practical experience in New York firms. Apply to Box 132, THE CHINA PRESS.
25834 O.18

CHEMICAL engineer (Chinese), an American graduate, seeks position; four years good experience in the U.S.A., familiar with dyes and drugs and their situations in China and America. Apply to Box 133, THE CHINA PRESS.
25834 O.18

WANTED, position by an energetic experienced superintendent of general construction work of roads and railways and buildings of R/C concrete, cutstone brickwork, etc., etc. Can furnish best references. Speaks foreign languages. Please apply to Box No. 139, THE CHINA PRESS.
25843 O.16

CONFIDENTIAL secretarial work desired by young Belgian lady. French-English translations (or vice versa); ten years experience typewriting. Apply to Box 127, THE CHINA PRESS.
25839 O.18

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Stenographers, Typists, and Bookkeepers. If you have a vacancy in your office let us know. No charges in connection. The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Road.
25625

EDUCATIONAL

SHORTHAND and English taught by experienced American lady. Quick progress, terms moderate. Apply to Box 154, THE CHINA PRESS.
25894 O.16

Exchange and Mart

AUTOMOBILE for sale, Overland touring, almost new. Used only eight weeks. Owner leaving town. Apply to Box 153, THE CHINA PRESS.
25893 O.17

FOR SALE, baby's perambulator, rattan cot and basket, $30. Apply to Box 151, THE CHINA PRESS.
25890 O.17

FOR SALE, fine-toned cottage piano by Frantz, Paris. Good condition. Tls. 160. Apply to Box 155, THE CHINA PRESS.
25897 O.17

AUTOMOBILE for sale: Stutz roadster, in new condition, used only four months, driven by owner. Apply to Box 135, THE CHINA PRESS.
25836 O.14

FOR SALE, one pneumatic-tyred rickshaw; paid Tls. 135, used only eight months, owner bought motor-car. Will accept Tls. 100. Apply to Box 147, THE CHINA PRESS.
25871 O.19

FOR SALE, privately, one Municipal 7% Debenture of 1918 for Tls. 940. Please apply to Olympic Theater, from 2 to 4 p.m. or by letter.
25875 O.18

FOR SALE, one good Corona typewriter. A bargain. Apply to Box 130, THE CHINA PRESS.
25832 O.16

FOR SALE, limited quantity of men's ready-made autumn suits and overcoats, by the well-known Chicago makers, Hart, Schaffner & Marx. Write to Box No. 140, THE CHINA PRESS.
25844 O.18

TO SELL, small nicely furnished house. Hongkew district. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.
25797 O.15

Shanghai Rowing Club

AUTUMN REGATTA AT HENLI
25th and 26th October, 1919

Saturday.
Griffin Tub Sculls
S.V.C. Fours
Invitation Fours
Sampan Race
Junior Pairs
Sculling Championship

Sunday.
Hong Fours
Griffin Fours
Veterans Race
Invitation Eights
Sailing Race
Griffin Pairs
Junior Fours
Mixed Fours
International Trial Fours

Special train arrangements will be made for members and visitors.

HOUSEBOAT MOORINGS.

Members and Visitors requiring houseboat berths are requested to make early application to the undersigned.

Stations will be allotted in the order in which applications are received.

By order of the Committee,
T. R. MACDONALD,
Hon. Secretary.
25888

DANCING
MADAME KELVEY
Professional Teacher of National, Character, Classical, Ballet and Toe Dancing.
Children trained gracefully; Pupils' individual style studied and developed. Correct arm movements and graceful exercises taught.
Special attention given to each child.
Terms moderate. Write for appointment.
MADAME KELVEY
Box 49, Chinese Post Office.
867.

THE HENIUS COMPANY
PORTLAND, OREGON.
8 Nanking Road, Shanghai

IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS AND INTERNATIONAL INDENTORS

Representing:
American Die and Tool Co.
Elgin Gas Engine Co.
Fabricated Steel Products Co.
James S. Kirk Soap Co.
Knight Packing Co.
Maibohm Motors Corporation
Machinery Company of America
Multnomah Box and Lumber Co.
Central Door and Lumber Co.
International General Electric Co.
[illegible]ton and Knight
Pittsburgh Steel Co.
25896

SAN PEH S. N. CO., LTD.
HOONG ON S. N. CO., LTD.
SHINON S. S. CO., LTD.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
On and after the 19th October, 1919, the offices of the above Companies will be located at No. 16a, Peking Road.
By order of the Board of Directors,
YU YA CHING,
Managing Director.
25885

A. A. O. M. S.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine are requested to meet at the Astor House Ballroom on Thursday, October 16th, at 5.30 p.m.
A. B. Rosenfeld
Shanghai, 7th October, 1919.
25881

S.S. STANLEY DOLLAR

The Steamer Stanley Dollar is now discharging her cargo at the Robert Dollar Pai Lien Ching Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills-of-lading for countersignature and take delivery of their goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risks at the wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the wharf on Saturday, October 18th, at 10:30 a.m.
The Robert Dollar Co.
2587[illegible]

REMOVAL

On and after the 12th October, our office will be at
Nos. 14 & 16, CANTON ROAD,
Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, Shanghai
25827

CODE BOOK
Bentley's Complete Phrase Code
(Latest edition)
Original Price $25.00;
Reduced to $20.00
FOR SALE AT
Chew Tzu Kong, Bookstore
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
25506

LOST

The undersigned lost a native order, issued by the Sung Kong Bank (信[illegible]莊) No. 12011, due on October 16th, 1919, for a sum of Taels Four hundred sixty two (Tls. 462.00). It is hereby declared null and void.
LEE HO SOCKS MANUFACTURING CO.
[illegible]廠批發所
25848 O.1[illegible]

NOTICE

We will remove about the 1st of November to our new quarters, corner of Nanking Road and Szechuen Road, above the Raven Trust Co.
PROF. J. K. SETO
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
25 N. Szechuen Road.
25800

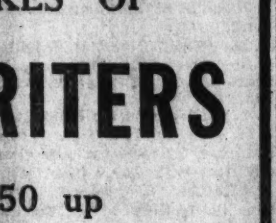
Dr. S. S. SHPILBERG
Physician and Surgeon

Consulting hours:
11-1 and 4-6
Phone, North 2035
36 Quinsan Road.
24927

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE

Carry a Gold Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road.

STEWART VACUUM GASOLINE SYSTEM



Over the roughest roads it insures an absolutely positive gasoline feed. It is self-contained, simple in construction; nothing to get out of order, nothing that needs attention.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

ZYLSTRA & CO. TRADING COMPANY

We announce the official opening of our new Offices at 17, The Bund (North China Daily News Building), on Wednesday, the 15th instant. All friends are invited to call between 11 and 1 o'clock.
25879

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.
85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)
Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.
Tel. North 1316.
25580

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

REDUCED PRICES

We save you money on everything. We handle
Treadle Sewing Machines From Mex. $84.00 to $45.00 each
Sewing Machine Needles From Mex. 0.50 to $0.35 doz.
Best Machine and Gun Oil 2 oz. bottles from Mex. $0.20 to $0.12
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Liengyi Mercantile Co.
Soochow and Szechuen Roads.
25824

Ladies' Winter Hats
AT HALF-PRICE
I. Cantorovich
24 Nanking Road
25845

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

APARTMENTS WANTED

YOUNG gentleman of University education would like to join private family (for home of solitary person) as paying guest. Apply to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.
25891 O.15

WANTED: Bachelor wants comfortably furnished room without board not too far from business district. Please state terms and address to Box 143, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATIONS VACANT

A FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer and office assistant required immediately by an American firm. American preferred. Apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.
25898 O.17.

WANTED, a high school teacher, qualified for Latin and history. The Kuling School, Kuling, China.
25874 O.19

TWO Portuguese or Eurasian clerks wanted. State experience and send copies of references to Box 137, THE CHINA PRESS.
25846 O.15

WANTED: An American with executive experience in imports and exports, to manage responsible American firm in China. An excellent opportunity to make a very desirable connection. Apply to Box 134, THE CHINA PRESS.
25835 O.15

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Stenographers, Typists, and Bookkeepers (foreigners only). If you are looking for a position, or a better position, send us your name and address. No charges in connection. The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Road.
25625

DANCING

DANCING LESSONS given by an experienced teacher. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 128, THE CHINA PRESS.
25831

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Colombo	Manila	Sourabaya
Delhi	Medan	Taiping
Haiphong	New York	(F. M. S.)
Hankow	Peking	Tavoy
Hongkong	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Iloilo	Yokohama	Tientsin

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. C. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/– $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

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Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

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Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen (Dalny)	Manchouli	Tientsin
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,00

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Beligique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.
Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Rangoon, Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.
West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Celon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Sanchez
Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
,, Paid up ..	48,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dalny	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kaiyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

中華匯業銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. ZAU, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.

Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000

Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.
Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.
Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.
Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.
LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
VERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager
26 The Bund.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital .... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital i. e. Frs

[redacted]

London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano
Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital. $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hankow

[illegible] and Parr's Bank Ltd.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid) ..... H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for the Far East, Shanghai,
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads.

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES
Canton-Changsha-Hankow-Hongkong
Manila-Peking-Tientsin

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents are at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank New York — Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
W.T.W.			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
O.D.W.	Sep. 10		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
BVIII	Sep. 24		Woodlock	Br. gun-boat
B.N.B.	Sep. 29		Suma	Jap. gun-boat
S P.	Oct. 2		Bee	Br. gun-boat
			Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer

will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on October 14th, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	18-20
Cod	,,	18-20
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	30-40
Pomfret	,,	30-40
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	30-40
Soles	,,	16-20
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$3.00-$3.50
Duck	,,	40-60
Hare	each	35-40
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	50-80
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	15-18
Quail	,,	15-20
Snipe	,,	14-16
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	12-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Lemons	each	5-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per doz.	$1.00-$1.20
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	8-10
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	5-6
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Bread Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	4-6
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	10-12
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	,,	5-6
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	40-50
Onions	,,	5-6
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	10-12
Potatoes	per picul	$2.40-$2.60
Spinach	per lb.	4-5
Tomatoes	,,	4-5
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	2.45
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$9.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.85
Bran	,,	$2.30
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, October 14, 1919.
Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 6/3=Tls. 3.2000
@ exch. 74.2=Mex. $4.3127
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 131¾=Tls. 75.90
@ 74.2=Mex. $102.29
Mex. Dollars: Market rate:
74.075
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch
Tls. 180
Copper Cash...per tael 185.000
Native Interest ..... Tls. 15

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 62⅞d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .. Fr.
Ex., New York on London T.T.

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 6/3
London ..... Demand 6/3¼
India ..... T.T. 303
Paris ..... T.T. 1100
Paris ..... Demand 1103
New York ..... T.T. 131½
New York ..... Demand 131¾
Hongkong..... T.T. 66½
Japan ..... T.T. 38¾
Batavia ..... T.T. 337½
Singapore ..... T.T. 37¾

Bank's Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 6/4
London Nom. 4 m/s. Cdts. 6/6½
London Nom. 4 m/s. Dock 6/6¾
London Nom. 6 m/s. Cdts. 6/7¼
London Nom. 6 m/s. Docy. 6/7½
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 1210
New York ... o/d. Docy. 133½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 140¼

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate
For Roubles
Roubles 9,300 =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $1.07

CUSTOM HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR OCTOBER

Tk. Tls. 2.86 @ 6/3¼ £1
" 1 @ 1065 Fr. 11.86
" 0.68 @ 131¼ Gold $1
" 1 @ 38¾ Yen 2.87
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 5.24
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50
" 1 @ — Roubles —

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, October 14, 1919.
Official
Chinese Engineering & Mining Co. Tls. 13.00
Langkats Tls. 19.50 C.N.I.
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 265.00 December
S. & H. Wharves Tls. 133.00 135.00 December
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 19.00 December Tls. 18.00 Cash
Unofficial
S. M. C. 5½% Debs 1914 Tls. 73.00
Shanghai Gas 6% Debs Tls. 70.00
Anglo Javas Tls. 8.00
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 37.00 Tls. 36.50 December
New Engineering Tls. 29.00 December
S. & H. Wharves Tls. 134.00 December
Oriental Cotton Tls. 150.00 December

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, October 14, 1919.
Official
Wharfs Tls. 133.00 December
Chengs Tls. 1.75 Cash
Unofficial
Anglo Javas Tls. 8.00 Cash
Tebongs Tls. 13.50 Cash
S. M. 7% deb. (1919) Tls. 95.00 Cash

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, October 14, 1919.
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 32.00 October
Tls. 32.50 November
Tls. 33.60 December
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 39.50 November
Tls. 45.80 December
Local Yarn
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 237.10 November
Phoenix & Wedding
Tls. 221.50 October
Tls. 227.00 November
Local Yarn For Standard
Tls. 227.00 October
Tls. 233.40 November
Tls. 234.30 December

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received from the Sumatra Director and Manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijin-Bosch en Landbank-exploitatie in Langkat.

The output of crude oil for the week ended October 12, was 184 tons.

Sungei Duri Estate Meeting

The ninth general meeting of the Sungei Duri Rubber Estate, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the office of Messrs. Meyer and Measor. Mr. Hugo Reiss, chairman of the board of directors, presided and was supported by the Reverend Father F. Sallou and Mr. F. J. Burrett, directors. The number of shares represented at the meeting was 10,088.

Resolutions were passed to declare a dividend of 50 tael cents per share, making one tael for the year, to re-elect Mr. N. G. Maitland and Father Sallou as directors of the company and Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Mathews as auditors of the company and to confirm the election of Mr. F. J. Burrett as a director.

Following the passage of the resolutions, Mr. B. Rein proposed a vote of thanks to the board of directors who have so ably managed the affairs of the company.

The chairman's speech follows:

"Gentlemen: The annual report and accounts have been in your hands for some time and I will, with your permission, take them as read.

"The report sets out very fully the comparative details and there is little further information that I can add. During the year, the area reserved for building sites, etc., on Sungei Duri Estate was increased by one acre. When I addressed you last year, I informed you that a claim had been made by the Director of Land, Kedah, with reference to an encroachment on the boundary reservation. A sum of $500 was mentioned as premium for the right to obtain a permit to occupy this land but this has now been settled for $205 and the permit has been received.

"The area on Selama has been increased since the last Report by 244 acres. As all available land on Sungei Duri Estate has been planted, the future development must necessarily be on Selama, where there is ample reserve land. The Directors have decided during the current financial year to open up a further 75 acres, bringing the planted area up to 927 acres.

"The cost on Sungei Duri is about as low as can reasonably be expected with so small an estate and the reduction on Selama from 11.65 pence to 7.62 pence this year is no doubt a most gratifying accomplishment. The failure to obtain the estimated output by 3,971 lbs. on Sungei Duri was attributable to the influenza epidemic, but this was more than made up by the excellent crop of 185,000 lbs. from Selama—30,000 lbs. above the estimate.

"The accounts call for little comment. The year has been a difficult one in many respects but in spite of the low prices for rubber and unfavorable exchange, I think you will agree that the result of the year's working is very satisfactory. The profit for the year, after making the usual allowances for depreciation, amounts to Tls. 35,862.16. The amount brought forward from last year's accounts was Tls. 25,000 from which must be deducted the sum of Tls. 20,000 for interim dividend paid on March 21, 1919, and the balance of Tls. 5,000 added to this year's profit leaves us with a total of Tls. 40,862.16 for disposal which, the directors recommend be dealt with as follows:

"To pay a final dividend of 50 tael cents per share making One Tael for the year. Tls. 20,000.00

"To write off:

Development account	9,426.45
Buildings and furniture.	970.33
Rubber factory and stores	1,484.33
Plant and machinery	385.83
Wells and water supply	202.56
Bullocks and carts	76.90
To carry forward to next year's accounts.	8,315.71
	Tls. 40,862.16

and I shall later on propose a resolution to this effect. A forward sale of two tons of Smoked Sheet delivered during the months of January to June, 1920 at a price of 93 cents per pound has been made.

"There is very little further for me to say. The condition of the Estate can be considered highly satisfactory. It is clean, in thorough good order and costs are low.

Before concluding, I would like to take this opportunity of expressing our appreciation of the good work done by our estate managers, Messrs. Adair and Debieux, the Penang agents and the secretaries and general managers.

"This, gentlemen, is all I have to say, but should you wish to ask any question, I shall be pleased to answer same to the best of my ability."

Philippine Bank Issues Statement

Institution Now Has Resources Of Pesos 261,130,177.16; It Is Announced

The resources of the Philippine National Bank have now reached the amount of Pesos 261,130,177.16, according to a financial statement issued at the bank yesterday for the first six months of this year. The resources of the institution for the same period last year amounted only to Pesos 210,942,000 and for the same period in 1917 only to Pesos 98,035,000.

Bank officials pointed out yesterday that the reserve fund of the institution has now reached Pesos 5,187,409.95 which is about one half of its capital, amounting to Pesos 10,976,650. At the close of December 31, 1918, the reserve fund of the bank was only Pesos 3,560,104.78 with a capital at the time of Pesos 9,210,320, or only one third of the latter amount.

Following is the condensed financial condition of the bank at the close of June 30, 1919, as issued at the bank yesterday. It was explained that the delay in issuing the statement is due to the late arrival of reports from its branches.

RESOURCES.

	Pesos
Loans and discounts	155,788,440.10
U. S. and Philippine government bonds	1,329,404.28
Furniture and fixtures	215,237.13
Exchange for future delivery	14,524,420.23
Due from branches	5,344,457.30
Due from banks and bankers	5,519,879.63
Cash in vault and with treasurer of Philippine Islands	46,336,092.53
Customers' liability L/C and acceptances	31,972,245.96
	Pesos 261,130,177.16

LIABILITIES.

	Pesos
Capital	10,976,650.00
Reserve funds	5,187,409.95
Reserve for taxes, etc.	842,720.68
Dividends unpaid	12,891.03
Circulation	13,991,455.00
Acceptances	3,839,655.96
Exchange contracts	13,095,506.56
Commercial credits	21,129,017.04
Deposits	192,055,870.94
	Pesos 261,130,177.16

Siccawei Weather Report

13.—Anticyclone still higher near Lake Baikal. The typhoon strikes the coast of Annam. The depression of Lioatung passes near Vladivostock. Manila reports a new low center, to the E of Mindanao. Westerly breezes to the N. of the Chusan; N. winds at the Loochoos. General rain at Formosa; weather cloudy and fine in China.

14.—Fine and clear weather, very cold. The wind is still blowing from W.N.W. Pressure above the normal level.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road, Shanghai

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Fifty Bedrooms with Private Baths and Toilets.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

Shipping Items

The I-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.
The C.N. s.s. Taung left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.
The C.N. s.s. Tean left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.
The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.
The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.
The I.-C. s.s. Waishing left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Tsingtau for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.
The I-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The I-C. s.s. Chipsang left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei, Hongkong and Canton yesterday.
The I-C. s.s. Hangsang will leave Hongkong for Swatow and Shanghai today.
The K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.
The N.Y.K. s.s. Wakanoura Maru left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Monday and may be expected to arrive today.
The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru left Moji on Monday and is due in Shanghai today.
The N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru, from Seattle and ports, arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning and will sail for Manila and Hongkong at noon today.
The P. and O. s.s. Prinzessin, from Vancouver, is due in Shanghai on the 20th.
The C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle will sail for Japan ports, Vladivostok, Victoria and Vancouver this morning.
The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.
The Blue Funnel s.s. Stentor left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday and is expected to arrive here on Saturday morning.

Information For Mariners

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15

High Water at Woosung Bar

(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides, they are about equal at 10 and 11 o'clock).
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
H M	Ft. In.	H M	Ft. In.
3 49	6 3	4 16	7 10

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.	P.M.
H M	H M
2 47	3 13

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
10 39 p.m.	11 47 a.m.	6 4	5 27	5 19	6 12

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
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764.1 mm.

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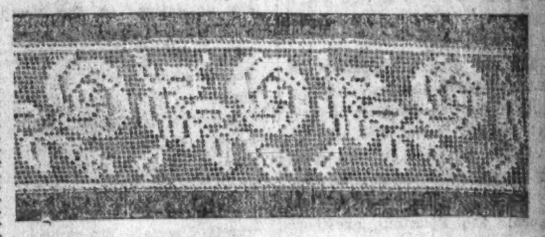

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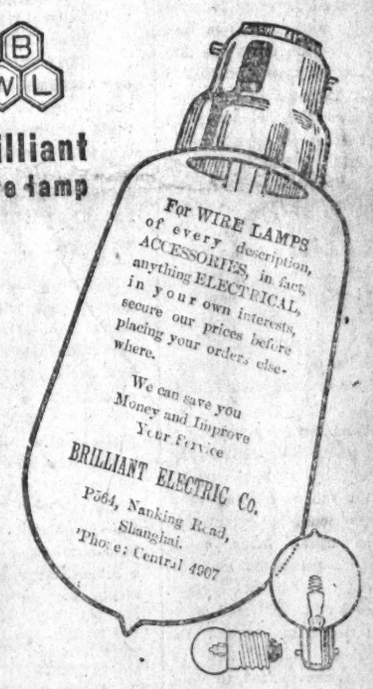
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The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS & HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Fine weather. Southwesterly breezes along the North coast. Strong monsoon in the South. The typhoon of the Pacific will pass between Mindanao and Luzon.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, OCTOBER 15, 1919

Japan's New Problem

PERILS and disasters loom ahead for Japan. In whatever direction she turns her eyes new woes appear to harass her vision. There is, for instance her lack of the raw materials necessary for her industrial and military development; she must obtain them elsewhere, largely in China. Then there is her shortage of food; she must import millions of yen worth of rice annually. These are fundamental and ever-present things to worry about, for what would happen to her if, in a war, a larger navy should shut her up in her little islands?

There is also the question of taxation beyond the powers of her people to pay; the problem of what will happen when the Chinese politicians get through wrangling and permit their country to open its lungs and develop its full powers; the Shantung question; racial discrimination, so-called; the Chinese boycott, now reaching greater force than ever, the sudden amazing development of the American navy; the friendship between Americans and Chinese; and between America and Britain; the circulation of a circumstantial story concerning a secret treaty made with Germany behind the backs of her Allies before the war was over—these are merely a few of the obvious things for Japan to worry about.

What we are leading up to is the sudden appearance of a new and perplexing problem. It is one that Western Nations have been fooling about with for so long that they have got beyond it, or rather the thing that it represents has taken another angle, so that it in itself no longer presents a problem. In other words Western Nations have adjusted themselves to it. We refer to the question of an eight-hour day for the working classes. This is a comparatively new problem for Japan. How the Japanese Government will deal with it remains to be seen, but it hasn't been doing very well with it thus far.

The problem, so far as Japan is concerned, really emerged from the Peace Conference at Paris, which provided for the assembling of a great international industrial convention at which labor could formulate its principles and demands and arrive at certain decisions of an international character with regard to hours, working conditions, wages and so forth. Japan was invited to send delegates to this labor convention and as a result the industrial world of Japan has been in an uproar for the last month. There have been strikes and there have been meetings of the laboring people which have ended in uproar and chaos, with the police taking a by-no-means welcome hand. The laboring classes have objected to the methods by which the delegates who are to represent them were selected. The Japanese Government engineered the thing, and interfered to such an extent that the whole Japanese body of labor is aroused and angry. Result: we have the following "controlled" despatch from Tokio, dated October 11

"There were remarkable scenes yesterday when the Japanese Labor Delegates to the forthcoming Labor Conference at Washington went on board the Fushimi Maru en route for America.

"Mr. Kanada, President of Keio University, and Mr. Muto, another Government nominee, with their suites were seen off at the station by a number of prominent personages including Mr. Hara, the Premier; Baron Shibusawa, and others.

"A crowd outside the enclosure showed signs of disapproval and had to be kept back by a strong force of police.

"Mr. Masumoto, also a Government nominee, fearing that the hostility of the crowd might prevent his departure, boarded the steamer only after she had left the dock, when she was being searched for stowaways. Mr Masumoto's fears were well-founded, because a body of determined men ransacked the ship before her departure determined to force Mr. Masumoto to return on shore.

"It is pointed out that the Japanese Delegation is decidedly influenced against radical internationalisation of labor."

To any one familiar with the ease and aplomb with which the Japanese Government Police have in the past been able to control and suppress popular manifestations of disapproval, the above cablegram is little short of amazing. "Determined men ransacked the ship." And they were after delegates appointed by the Japanese government to represent it at a great international conference!

The despatch itself is, of course, not complete. Reuter's under the present arrangement with a Japanese-controlled agency, is unable to give us the full story. We have from The Japan Advertiser, however, some interesting details of the efforts made by the police on the day before the Fushimi sailed, to head off the very thing that happened. Says The Advertiser of October 10:

If the police can prevent it there will be no hostile demonstrations when the Japanese delegation to the first world's labor conference leave Japan today, sailing from Yokohama by the s.s. Fushimi Maru.

Although the Yuaikai, Shinyukai and other labor organisations have been planning to give the delegates a send-off that will show them how unpopular they are, the plans all went glimmering yesterday. During the day some of the most widely known of the labor leaders were invited by the police to step over to headquarters and be locked up until the Fushimi Maru sails, while others were notified that anything in the way of a demonstration or parade would be regarded as an unlawful assembly and treated accordingly.

Mr. Masumoto, who is going as the official representative of the labor organisations of Japan, but whom the leading organisations disown and denounce, was to be the center of these demonstrations. Yesterday Mr. Masumoto was guarded by police stationed all around his home and who flocked about him when he moved abroad, which moving abroad was very little.

The exact nature of the demonstrations which had been planned for Mr. Masumoto at the Tokio station and on the Yokohama wharf was kept secret, but it is understood that those who were to take part in the demonstrations would wear a badge of mourning and carry mourning flags, while the brass band by which the procession was to have been headed had orders to play a funeral dirge as it trudged along. As the train carrying Mr. Masumoto moved out of the station, the demonstrators were to wave black handkerchiefs in token of their lament. A similar demonstration was to have taken place on the quay as the Fushimi Maru got under way.

Mr. Masumoto sent out invitations yesterday to the foreign press representatives to meet him at the Imperial Hotel, but found himself so cluttered up by police guards that he could not keep his engagement. Mr. Hashiguchi appeared with his apologies and acted as the proxy of the labor delegate.

When asked what Mr. Masumoto would say in America when asked how it is that he appears as a labor delegate when every known labor organisation in Japan is opposed to him, Mr. Hashiguchi explained that it is not quite so that all labor is opposed to Mr. Masumoto, the opposition coming from those labor leaders who wanted to be selected for the position themselves.

"Will Mr. Masumoto oppose the plan of the other two delegates from Japan to secure an exemption for Japan from the rule of the 8-hour day?" the delegate's proxy was asked.

"Yes, I think he will," was the reply. "He is in earnest in his desire for a universal 8-hour day in Japan. So, when Japan fails to get that it will not be his fault."

It is evident from this that the working people of Japan want an eight-hour day and that the Government is opposing them to the extent of sending a delegation to America which is committed to the policy of securing exemption from the eight-hour day program for Japan. But what the Japanese workers will do when the word finally comes back that their government has beaten them and deprived them of the international eight-hour day is another matter.

Man's Work And His Wage

Theory That A Worker's Reward Is A Fair Measure Of His Productive Value In The Face Of Shattered Faith In Our Old Social System

By Stephen Leacock

(Professor Of Political Economy At McGill University, Montreal)

The rewards and punishments of the economic world are singularly unequal. One man earns as much in a week, or even in a day, as another does in a year. This man by hard manual labor makes only enough to pay for a humble shelter and plain food. This other by what seems congenial activity, fascinating as a game of chess, acquires uncounted millions. A third stands idle in the market place asking in vain for work. A fourth lives upon rent, dozing in his chair, and neither toils nor spins.

A fifth by the sheer hazard of a lucky "deal" acquires a fortune without work at all. A sixth, scorning to work, earns nothing and gets nothing; in him survives a primitive dislike of labor not yet fully "evoluted out;" he slips through the meshes of civilisation to become a "tramp," cadges his food where he can, suns his tattered rags when it is warm and shivers when it is cold, migrating with the birds and reappearing with the flowers of Spring.

Yet all are free. This is the distinguishing mark of them as children of our era. They may work or stop. There is no compulsion from without. No man is a slave. Each has his "natural liberty," and each in his degree, great or small, receives his allotted reward.

But is the allotment correct and the reward proportioned by his efforts? Is it fair or unfair and does it stand for the true measure of social justice?

This is the profound problem of the twentieth century.

View Of The Last Century

The economists and the leading thinkers of the nineteenth century were in no doubt about this question. It was their firm conviction that the system under which we live was, in its broad outline, a system of even justice. They held it true that every man under free competition and individual liberty is awarded just what he is worth and is worth exactly what he gets; that the reason why a plain laborer is paid only $2 or $3 a day is because he only "produces" $2 or $3 a day; and that the reason why a skilled engineer is paid ten times as much is because he "produces" ten times as much. His work is "worth" ten times that of the plain laborer. By the same reasoning the salary of a corporation president who receives $50,000 a year merely reflects the fact that the man produces—earns—brings in to the corporation that amount or even more. The big salary corresponds to the big efficiency.

And there is much in the common experience of life and the common conduct of business that seems to support this view. It is undoubtedly true if we look at any little section of business activity taken as a fragment by itself. On the most purely selfish grounds I may find that it "pays" to hire an expert at a hundred dollars a day, and might find that it spelled ruin to attempt to raise the wages of my workingmen beyond four dollars a day. Everybody knows that in any particular business at any particular place and time, with prices at any particular point, there is a wage that can be paid and a wage that cannot. And everybody, or nearly everybody, bases on these obvious facts a series of entirely erroneous conclusions. Because we cannot change the part we are apt to think we cannot change the whole. Because one brick in the wall is immovable, we forget that the wall itself might be rebuilt.

The single employer rightly knows that there is a wage higher than he can pay and hours shorter than he can grant. But are the limits that frame him in real and necessary limits, resulting from the very nature of things, or are they mere products of particular circumstances? This as a piece of pure economics, does not interest the individual employer a particle. It belongs in the same category as the question of the immortality of the soul and other profundities that have nothing to do with business. But to society at large the question is of an infinite importance.

The Old And The New

Now the older economists taught, and the educated world for about a century believed, that these limitations which hedged the particular employer about were fixed and assigned by natural economic law. They represented, as has been explained, the operation of the system of natural liberty by which every man gets what he is worth. And it is quite true that the particular employer can no more break away from these limits than he can jump out of his own skin. He can only violate them at the expense of ceasing to be an economic being at all and degenerating into a philanthropist.

But consider for a moment the peculiar nature of the limitations themselves. Every man's limit of what he can pay and what he can take, of how much he can offer and how much he will receive is based on the similar limitations of other people. They are reciprocal to one another. Why should any one factory owner not pay $10 a day to his hands? Because the others don't. But suppose they all do. Then the output could not be sold at the present price. But why not sell the output at a higher price? Because at a higher price the consumer can't afford to buy it.

But suppose that the consumer for the things which he himself makes and sells, or for the work which he performs, receives more? What then? The whole thing begins to have a jigsaw look, like a child's toy rack with wooden soldiers on it, expanding and contracting. One searches in vain, for the basis on which the relationship rests. And at the end of the analysis one finds nothing but a mere anarchical play of forces, nothing but a give and take resting on relative bargaining strength. Every man gets what he can and gives what he has to.

By Way Of Example

Observe that this is not in the slightest the conclusion of the orthodox economists. Every man, they said, gets what he actually makes, or, by exchange, those things which exactly correspond to it as regards the cost of making them—which have, to use the keyword of the theory, the same value. Let us take a very simple example: If I go fishing with a net which I have myself constructed out of fibres and sticks, and if I catch a fish, and if I then roast the fish over a fire which I have made without so much as the intervention of a lucifer match, then it is I, and I alone, who have "produced" the roast fish. That is plain enough. But what if I catch the fish by using a hired boat and a hired net, or by buying worms as bait from some one who has dug them? Or what if I do not fish at all, but get my roast fish by paying for it a part of the wages I receive for working in a sawmill? Here are a new set of relationships. How much of the fish is "produced" by each of the people concerned? And what part of my wages ought I to pay in return for the part of the fish that I buy?

Here opens up, very evidently, a perfect labyrinth of complexity. But it was a labyrinth for which the earlier economist held, so he thought, the thread. No matter how dark the passage, he still clung tightly to it. And his thread was his "fundamental equation of value" whereby each thing and everything is sold (or tends to be sold) under free competition for exactly its cost of production. There it was; as simple as A B C; making the cost of everything proportional to the cost of everything else, and in itself natural and just; explaining and justifying the variations of wages and salaries on what seems a stern basis of fact. Here is your selling price as a starting point. Given that, you can see at once the reason for the wages paid and the full measure of the payment. To pay more is impossible. To pay less is to invite a competition that will force the payment of more. Or take it, if you like, the wages as the starting point. There you are at simplicity itself; the selling price will exactly and nicely correspond to cost. True, a part of the cost concerned will be represented not by wages but by cost of materials, but these, on analysis, dissolve into past wages. Hence the whole process and its explanation revolve around this simple fundamental equation that selling value equals the cost of production.

This was the central part of the economic structure. It was the keystone of the arch. If it holds, all holds. Knock it out and the whole edifice falls into fragments.

A technical student of the schools would digress here, to the great confusion of the reader, into a discussion of the controversy in the economic cloister between the rival schools of economists as to whether cost governs value or value governs cost. The point needs no discussion here, but just such fleeting, passing mention as may indicate that the writer is well and wearily conversant with it.

Value And Cost

The fundamental equation of the economist then is that the value of everything is proportionate to its cost. It requires no little hardihood to say that this proposition is a fallacy. It lays one open at once, most illogically, to the charge of being a Socialist. In sober truth it might as well lay one open to the charge of being an ornithologist. I will not, therefore, say that the proposition that the value of everything equals the cost of production is false. I will say that it is true; in fact, that it is just as true as that two and two make four; exactly as true as that, but, let it be noted most profoundly, only as true as that. In other words, it is a truism, a mere equation in terms, telling nothing whatever.

When I say that two and two make four I find, after deep thought, that I have really said nothing, or nothing that was not already said the moment I defined two and defined four. The new statement that two and two make four adds nothing. So with the majestic equation of the cost of production. It means, as far as social application goes, as far as any moral significance or bearing on social reform and the social outlook goes, absolutely nothing. It is not in itself fallacious. How could it be? But all the social inferences drawn from it are absolute, complete, and malicious fallacies.

Any Socialist who says this is quite right. Where he goes wrong is when he tries to build up as truth a set of inferences more fallacious and more malicious still.

But the central economic doctrine of cost cannot be shaken by mere denunciation. Let us examine it and see what is the matter with it. We restate the equation again.

Under perfectly free competition the value or selling price of everything equals, or is perpetually tending to equal, the cost of its production. This is the proposition itself, and the inferences derived from it are that there is a "natural price" of everything, and that all "natural prices" are proportionate to cost and to one another; that all wages, apart from temporary fluctuations, are derived from and limited by the natural prices paid for the things made; that all payments for the use of capital (interest) are similarly derived and similarly limited, and that consequently, the whole economic arrangement, by giving to each person exactly and precisely the fruit of his own labor, conforms exactly to social justice.

Argument In A Circle

Now the trouble with the main proposition just quoted is that each side of the equation is used as the measure of the other. In order to show what natural price is we add up all the wages that have to be paid, and declare that to be the cost, and then say that the cost governs the price. Then if we are asked why wages are what they are, we turn the argument backward and say that since the selling price is so and so the wages that can be paid out of it only amount to such and such. This explains nothing. It is a mere argument in a circle. It is as if one tried to explain why one blade of a pair of scissors is four inches long by saying that it has to be of the same length as the other. This is quite true of either blade if one takes the length of the other for granted, but as applied to the explanation of the length of the scissors it is worse than meaningless.

This reasoning may seem to many persons mere casuistry, mere sophistical juggling with words. After all, they say, there is such a thing as relative cost, relative difficulty of making things, a difference which rests upon a physical basis. To make one thing requires a lot of labor and trouble and much skill; to make another thing requires very little labor and no skill out of the common. Here, then, is your basis of value, obvious and beyond argument. A primitive savage makes a bow and arrow in a day; it takes him a fortnight to make a bark canoe. On that fact rests the exchange value between the two. The relative quantity of labor embodied in each object is the basis of its value.

This line of reasoning has a very convincing sound. It appears in nearly every book on economic theory from Adam Smith and Ricardo till today. "Labor alone," wrote Smith, "never varying in its own value is itself the one and only measure by which the value of all things at all times may be compared."

But the idea that quantity of labor governs value will not stand examination for a moment. What is quantity of labor and how is it measured? As long as we draw our illustrations from primitive life, where one man's work is much the same as another's and where all operations are simple, we seem easily able to measure and compare. One day is the same as another, and one man about as capable as his fellow. But in the complexity of modern industrial life such a calculation no longer applies; the differences of skill, of native ingenuity, and technical preparation become enormous. The hour's work of a common laborer is not the same thing as the hour's work of a watchmaker mending a watch, or that is all he produces. You may at times, as a sentimentalist, wonder whether the vast sums drawn as interest on capital are consistent with social fairness; but if it is shown that interest is simply the "natural price" of capital representing the actual "productive power" of the capital there is nothing further to say.

You may have similar qualms over rent and the rightness and the wrongness of it. The enormous "unearned increment" that accures for the fortunate owner of land who toils not, neither spins to obtain it, may seem difficult of justification. But, after all, land is only one particular case of ownership under one and the same system. The rent for which the owner can lease it emerges simply as a consequence of the existing state of wages and prices. High rent, says the economist, does not make high prices; it merely follows as a consequence or result of them.

Rent And Prices

Dear bread is not caused by the high rents paid by tenant farmers for the land; the train of cause and effect runs in the contrary direction. And the selling price of land is merely a consequence of its rental value, a simple case of capitalisation of annual return into a present sum. City land, though it looks different from farm land, is seen in the light of this same analysis, to earn its rent in just the same way. The high rent of a Broadway store, says the economist, does not add a single cent to the price of the things sold in it. It is because prices are what they are that the rent is and can be paid. Hence on examination the same canons of social justice that cover and explain prices, wages and interest apply with perfect propriety to rent.

Or finally, to take the strongest case of all, one may, as a citizen, feel apprehension at times at the colossal fortune of a Carnegie or a Rockefeller. For it does seem passing strange that one single human being should control as property the mass of coin, goods, houses, factories, land and mines represented by $1,000,000,000; stranger still that at his death he should write upon a piece of paper his commands as to what his surviving fellow-creatures are to do with it. But if it can be shown to be true that Mr. Carnegie "made" his fortune in the same sense that a man makes a log house by felling trees and putting them one upon another, then the fortune belongs to Mr. Carnegie in the same way as the long house belongs to the pioneer. And if the social inferences that are drawn from the theory of natural liberty and natural value are correct the millionaire and the landlord, the plutocrat and the pioneer, the wage earner and the capitalist have each all the right to do what they will with their own. For every man in this just world gets what is coming to him. He gets what he is worth and he is worth what he gets.

But if one knocks out the keystone of the arch in the form of the proposition that natural value conforms to the cost of production, then the whole edifice collapses and must be set up again, upon another plan and on another foundation, stone by stone.

Food Crisis In Japan

Soaring prices for food and clothing, as well as house rent, show no diminution in Japan. The cost of living, according to the Yorodzu, has increased ten-fold since 1887, while wages have advanced only four-fold. As against 36 yen a koku last August, rice has risen to 56 yen a koku (five bushels) and a grave food crisis has resulted.

Other food necessities, especially sugar, have risen in proportion. Although wealth has increased as a result of the war, the real wealth of the masses has decreased. At the same time the Spartan simplicity of olden times is no longer endured. Low salaries in public services have so deleted the personnel that Government institutions like the postoffice, telegraphs, police force, and schools are undermanned. Industrial companies, however, are paying dividends of from 50 to 100 percent and distributing big bonuses. Lands and rents are rising in value, and the farmer is hoarding his rice until he has pushed the market to its highest notch.

"If it is impossible," says the Yorodzu, "to bring down the price of rice and other necessities, the Government must devise means of increasing incomes. Otherwise peace and order in society cannot be maintained, and the very foundation of the nation will be endangered."

A Living Demonstration

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"Nor has it done this by any inordinate rise in prices to the public. The shipper and passenger are pleased, as they are getting good service. On the other hand, its employees are well paid and have their full share in its prosperity. Threatened labor troubles were settled in advance, and it has had no strikes such as ours. Its men got the equivalent of the 'McAdoo scale' as soon as ours did and they had received earlier advances.

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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YOU MAKE ME SICK- WHY DIDN'T YOU INVITE THAT GENTLEMAN YOU WERE TALKING WITH TO DINNER?
BY GOLLY- I'D LIKE TO AN' I KNOW HE'D ENJOY IT!
GO AND SEE IF YOU CAN'T GET HIM!
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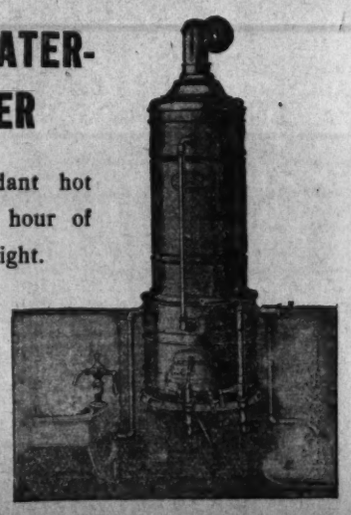

Architecture And Nature From An Aerial Viewpoint

By Garrett P. Serviss

In France the illustrated journals have begun to publish beautiful reproductions of photographs taken from airships of the great chateaux that for centuries all the world has been studying and admiring from the level of terra firma. Even to the accustomed eyes of the French these wonderful constructions have a novel aspect when viewed on their sky side. The secrets of courts, fosses, battlements, towers, gables, roofs, posterns, labyrinthian gardens, inner inclosures and concealed communications lie revealed.

The geometry of the builders and the landscape artists is displayed, and the ensemble is grasped at once, as it cannot be from any other viewpoint. Now we see for the first time how world-famous Chambord, Blois, Amboise, Chenonceaux, Lengeais have appeared to the birds, and the clouds and where the moonlight has lain unperceived on the ridgy and pinnacled roofs, like snow in mountain recesses.

Hereafter the sky side of buildings will have to be considered by architects; it, too, has become a facade that must be prepared for the eye. It is the reverse of the ceiling, and presents a surface that must have appropriate treatment for in a short while, as aerial travel increases, it will be at least as likely to be seen as the backs of country houses. No owner of a fine place would be willing to have it exhibit untidiness, or an unfinished and incongruous appearance to the eyes of passers by above. He would rather have it look like a jewel set in the lie of the earth.

Roofs and cornices will have to be studied from a new angle. Probably massed colors, combined with artistic treatment of the outlines and groupings of projecting parts with reference to the shadows cast by them on the level and sloping surfaces of the tops of buildings will furnish the basis for these new architectural effects.

It is easy to see that very beautiful results could thus be obtained, especially in suburban districts, where great houses, with their outbuildings, gardens, groves and parks, should be constructed, grouped and colored with reference to their effectiveness in the third dimensional, or vertical, view. As the facilities for taking this view of human habitations increase we may find reason to be ashamed of the disrespect that we have hitherto shown for the aesthetic susceptibilities of the downlooking gods. We have taken too little thought of how we appeared from overhead. We have given attention to the sky-line; now the sky-view demands its share.

Nature's views and objects stand this new test of vertical inspection better than do the works of man. How bad the latter can be in this regard becomes painfully evident in the aerial photographs of cities, which present little more than jumbles of masonry, intersected with unsightly lines.

Yet it is conceivable that even a densely packed metropolis could be so put together, with its masses so grouped, and its coloring so arranged and harmonised, that a view of it from an airship might become as celebrated for rare beauty and impressiveness as is the sight of Naples from the level of the sea.

Nature, as I have said, stands the test better because her works have always presupposed third-dimensional observation. A tree is as attractive, though different, seen from above as from the side or below. The leafy roof of a forest is indescribably beautiful. The modulations of form and shade of a great mountain, or of a range of mountains, viewed from the level of the clouds, or higher, produce effects of the utmost grandeur and beauty. There is nothing unfinished or discordant.

The diaries of the adventurers who have recently crossed the Atlantic by the route of the air contain enthusiastic accounts of the splendor of the ocean far down below them, the astonishing beauty of the sunward side of the clouds, and the charm of the earth half-glimpsed through her veils of vapor, which sometimes lie like snowy fleeces, sometimes glow with soft iridescent hues, sometimes part suddenly, revealing strips of blue water, or green earth, thousands of feet below, and sometimes are shot through with lightning under foot.

The view of a huge iceberg over which the crew of R-34 passed was an utterly novel sight for human eyes. With the aid of this new navigation, which half puts him outside the planet, man, will acquire a new freedom, broader views, completer knowledge, and a wider field for work, not to make money, but to make himself better, and the globe that is his home more beautiful.

Women As Successes

Their Rapid Rise To Recognition

By E'eanor Gilbert

(Author of "The Successful Woman in Business" and articles for business girls)

"The wonder is not that she does it so well, but that she does it at all." That was the crux of the old-fashioned man's opinion of women who were doing well in business.

"Merely going into business for herself is enough to attract great and flattering attention to a woman," he debated. "If Mr. Jones goes into the coffee business his wife hopes he will succeed, and when he does she rejoices and helps considerably in living up to their income. Nobody else pays much attention to Jones or cares a whoop whether he succeeds or not.

"But, if Mrs. Jones should decide to go into the coffee (or any other) business—mind you, a business of her own—she makes a stir in the feminine world immediately. Your feminine periodicals reproduce pictures of her at her desk, she is interviewed and her opinions asked on every subject from finance to feminism. And you and I and every one who reads remarks, 'Isn't she clever, and what a wonder she must be,' and so on.

"Sometimes we don't wait and see whether she's succeeding in business or not. And if she succeeds, woe be! We never hear the end of her. Either she writes and lectures or is written and lectured about and eulogised as anything short of the eighth wonder of the world.

"Now, why? Women in business claim an equality with man. Nobody gets excited about a man's going into business for himself. Nobody interviews the man who manages a prosperous office or is a fair success in some business job. Why all this to-do when a woman makes good? Is it an admission that the majority of women in business are failures, and that the individual who succeeds is so rare that everybody must stop to come and take a look at her?"

"Certainly not," I objected. "There are loads of women who're doing important work in business, and perhaps if we put it on a percentage basis the percent of women who are holding down big jobs isn't much lower than the percentage of men who are doing executive work."

But on reflection it seems that we just naturally and unconsciously do marvel at a woman who does anything of importance in business, not because the job is a tremendously difficult and unusual one, but because a woman does it.

The woman physican, the woman lawyer, the woman architect, excite wondering admiration. And yet, for what can woman be more innately fitted than the medical profession, where a combination of great deftness and gentleness, persistence and patience—all essentially feminine qualities—are needed?

And who knows more than woman who has done the work of the house how a house should be constructed for the best health and comfort of its occupants? Why, then, the wonder that women do fine work in architecture?

This general attitude, while flattering to the individual, has its disadvantages. The longer we cling to the idea that it is unusual for a woman to hold a big job or make a great success of her work the longer will we encourage the idea among employers that the average woman is unfit to hold the big job.

He will give the average man the opportunities withheld from the average woman. He will pay the woman holding the big job less than he would pay a man in her place. For are we women ourselves not boasting that the average woman has no ability and that the woman who makes good is a wonder of wonders among us?

A Great Inheritance

A young London clerk, who held rather fanciful views as to his origin, spent his holidays at a farmhouse, the principal attraction being the golf links near by. He greatly annoyed the other boarders hy bis constant reference to what he called his "pedigree" and "family tree." At last the farmer could stand it no longer. "Young man," he said, "I must say you've done a heap o' talking about yer family tree. Anybody would think you owned a whole timber yard. Come out into the lane a minute!" The youth accompanied him. Pausing by a weeping willow, the farmer said, "I want you to take partic'lar notice of this." "Why?" "That's our family tree. That's what heightened our ideals and stimmylated our energies. That has furnished switches for five generations of us!"

Womanly Wit

A young lady whose dramatic ability was greater than her personal attractions called on a popular manager with the view of obtaining a part. The manager chatted about the value of good looks to a woman, ending up with, "Beauty is to a woman what brains are to a man." "There's only one thing more valuable to a man than brains," said the young lady. "What's that?" asked the manager. "Tact!" was the reply.

Surly Criticism

Mrs. Topwith was greeting Mr. Mowle, who had arrived as a visitor, and as she reached for his coat Miss Topwith, in the next room, could be heard howling a song to her own accompaniment. "Ah," exclaimed Mrs. Topwith, "my daughter is breaking into song!"

"You are right, madam," growled Mr. Mowle. "You can tell that he's breaking in, for obviously she has not been able to find the key."

The Little One Who's Gone.

By S. E. Kiser

The home ain't what it used to be; I'm missin' something every day;
Folks used to kind of hint to me that I was pitied in a way.
We've other children, wife and I, and love 'em, too, with all our might;
But little Jean ain't here no more to watch and wait for me at night.
I see her empty little chair—the one with wheels—and wonder why
We ever thought she was a care while she was with us, wife and I.

The neighbors used to speak as though they thought that she'd be better dead,
And I don't blame them, for I know that there was truth in what they said.
She's better off, no doubt of that, because she never could have walked,
And she had guessed it long ago— I knew it by the way she talked.
Don't think she ever used to fret, but it was plain enough to see
She knew she burdened us—and yet the home ain't what it used to be.

We've much we couldn't have before we lost our helpless little one;
We needn't worry any more about her future—that is done!
I used to wonder many times who'd ever try to make her glad
If we were taken suddenly and left her here alone and sad;
I've often laid awake at night and tried to think it out somehow;
But everything's turned out all right—she'll never be neglected now.

I haven't any doubt she's where there's only endless happiness,
And I suppose it's wrong to care; all happened for the best, I guess;
But it was good to see her smile when I'd get home from work, and, oh.
How sweet it was to listen while she told me that she loved me so!
The other children still are here to make us glad, the wife and me,
And since she's gone they're doubly dear—but home ain't what it used to be.

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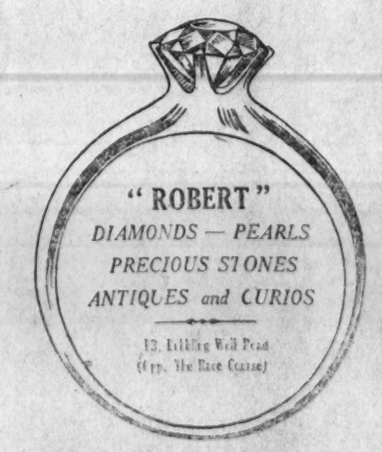

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Nanyang Maru, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Wednesday, October 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, October 15. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyu, Captain W. Phillip, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, October 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Luenhe, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, October 16, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Talee Maru, Capt. G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, October 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Siiyang Maru, Capt. S. Kusakari, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, October 17, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA. No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Suiwo, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, October 17, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ichang, Captain E. L. Jones, will leave on Friday, October 17, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Waishing, 1,864 Tons, Captain Tapsell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Saturday, October 18, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Yohyang Maru, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Saturday, October 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking, Captain W. T. Roberts, will leave on Sunday, October 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, October 15, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW.—The Str. Kwangchi, Captain G. L. Crawford, will leave on Wednesday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. Taishun, Captain C. Westerlund, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The Str. Kiangteen, Capt. D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M. S. N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, October 16, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. Hsintah, Captain Glen, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, October, 18, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight, Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, October 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepopo Wharf on October 28, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———

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HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 14, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at——

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For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chekiang, Captain H. A. Walker, will leave on Thursday, October 16, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinkong, Captain A. B. Baines, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tean, Captain A. J. Scott, will leave from Watung Wharf on Friday, October 17, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following str. Kwangping on October 17. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel Central 1115.

DALNY.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuhu, Captain E. Partridge, will leave on Friday, October 17, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Captain Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, October 18, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, October 21, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

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LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer Celebes Maru, Captain T. Konishi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on November 3. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP and ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer Alps Maru, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy or about middle Nov. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

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SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said, Marseilles, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*CELEBES MARU	18,000	T. Konishi,	Nov. 1	Nov. 3
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Middle of Nov.	

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*MANILA MARU	18,000	S. Kobayashi,	Oct. 19	Oct. 20
AFRICA MARU	12,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 21	Nov. 22

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Nimoto,	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Nov. 29	Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Oct. 26	Oct. 28

*Fully booked for passage.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE
MANILA via HONGKONG
S.S. "SEATTLE SPIRIT" ..... About OCT. 28th
SINGAPORE via HONGKONG
S.S. "ICONIUM" ..... About OCT. 18th
SEATTLE
S.S. "WHEATLAND OF MONTANA" .... Middle NOV.
S.S. "ENDICOTT" ..... " DEC
PORTLAND
S.S. "WEST HARTLAND" ..... Middle NOV.
S.S. "NISHMAHA" ..... Early DEC.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Colombia	Nov. 8	S.S. Colombia	Oct. 25
S.S. Venezuela	Dec. 5	S.S. Venezuela	Nov. 15
		S.S. Ecuador	Dec. 13

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.
CARGO STEAMERS
"West Conob" "West Vaca" "Arc her"
"West Sequana" "West Inskip" "West Caddoa"
"West Kador" "West Neris"
EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Colusa	Middle Oct.	S.S. Santa Cruz	Middle Oct.

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Polano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.
FOR HONGKONG
KOREA MARU ..... November 16
FOR SAN FRANCISCO
KOREA MARU ..... December
All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.
Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.
Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.
T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings.
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

STRUTHERS AND DIXON, INC.
OFFICES: San Francisco and Seattle, U.S.A.; Shanghai, China; Manila, P.I.; Kobe, Japan and Hongkong.
Operating the following Far Eastern services for account of the United States Shipping Board:
U.S.A. PACIFIC COAST—JAPAN, CHINA AND PHILIPPINES

S.S. "WEST SEGOVIA" 8,800 tons due at Shanghai Oct. 14.	S.S. "WEST ISLIP" 8,800 tons due at Shanghai about Oct. 20.
S.S. "WEST HARTS" 8,800 tons due at Shanghai Oct. 20	S.S. "WEST CACTUS" 8,800 tons due at Shanghai Oct. 22.

also
"WEST CAJOOT," "WEST HELIX"
S.S. "WESTERN GLEN," "WEST IBIS," "WEST CADDO,"
"WEST HENSHAW," "DUEL," "ELKRIDGE" & "EDITOR."
arrivals to be announced later.
Through rates quoted and through B/L's issued to all overland points in U. S. and Canada.
SHANGHAI OFFICE: No. 7 JINKEE ROAD.
Tel. No. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-President J. S. EMENS, Agent.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NILE"	OCT.	18th
S.S. "NANKING"	NOV.	8th
S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	25th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI
FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	OCT.	25st
S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	10th
S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	6th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE
For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
KAGA MARU	12,500	N. Segawa,	Oct. 17
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	K. Okamoto,	Nov. 10

AMERICAN LINE
For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Nov. 5

KOBE TO SEATTLE

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Oct. 28

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Oct. 21
KASUGA MARU	7,000	E. Takahashi,	Oct. 28
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 4

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
UMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Oct. 18
AKESHIMA MARU	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Oct. 22
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Oct. 25
I MARU	7,000	H. Yamamoto,	Oct. 29

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
TAMBA MARU	12,500	K. Stoano,	Oct. 23

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 9

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimidzu,	Oct. 15

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Oct. 22
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Nov. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24

CALCUTTA LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 1	Mail 3	Exp. 1	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Mail 4.
20 5	8 5		0	dep. Peking arr.	19 50
2 46	1 2			arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	
24 6	11 7		84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	17.00
	11 26			arr. Tientsin-East dep.	16.53
10 5			524	arr. Mukden dep.	16.45

Mail 1	Mail 3	Exp. 1	Miles	Tientsin-Pukow Line	Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
1	4	1.30	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
5	9 5	4		arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	16 55	15.55	20.05
5	10 15	11 55	2.71	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	16 31	15.29	19.45
1	9 21	8 08	74	dep. Tsangchow dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
2	2	20 41	148	dep. Techow dep.	10.39	8.47	11.56
			—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
	220						6.
2	2 2	20 31	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
27	.00	2 51	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
2 47	4 0	0 48	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	3 49	0.40	13.00
6 30	6.55	3 16	377	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	3.39	0.02	12 38
9 02	8.45	4.50	—	dep. Linchrag dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
9.			420	arr. Huochowfu dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
							10.
5 40	9 00	4 57	—	dep. Huochowfu arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11 26	13 02	8 33		arr. Pengpu dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11 51	13 20	8 40	528	dep. Pengpu arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18 27	17 34	11 52	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20 8	18 56	13.00	631	arr. Pukow dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.		Shanghai-Nanking Line	Exp.	N. Exp.
23 00	14.20	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	14.15	6.50
7 00	21.00	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsaohuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Lincheng a.	6 28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsaohuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

LOSS OF THE GOLIATH

Damage To Right Propeller Forced Descent—Crew Lost Six Days

Paris, August 30.—The owners of the French airplane Goliath, which was forced to land north of Daker, French West Africa, recently because of breaking a propeller while on a flight from Versailles to Daker, received today their first telegram from Pilot Bossoutrot explaining the breakdown in the machine.

"The bolts holding the right propeller broke," said the message. "The machine continued on for thirty-five minutes with one engine, but because of the high temperature this engine became overheated and the Goliath landed on a sloping beach at high tide. In doing so it turned and ran into the sea. The landing occurred just 180 kilometers north of St. Louis. It was six days before we were rescued. Meanwhile we obtained water by distillation. We were found by natives and then by a caravan sent from Mederah."

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. Nile ..... Oct. 18

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru Oct. 17

For Vladivostok
Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza Oct. 17

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per R.M. s.s. Empress of Russia Oct. 19

From France
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx ..Nov. —

From India, etc.
Per B.I. s.s. Gregory Apcar Oct. 25

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Manila Direct	Suwa Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Hsinkong	21.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Wenchow	Kwangchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	Wuchang	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Manila and Hongkong	Suwa Maru	..	10.30	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Kingsing	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	13.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Wosang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy and Hongkong	Sunning	..	13.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Hsintah	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Australia, via Hongkong	Sunning	..	13.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, October 17.							
Vladivostok	Penza	..	13.00	..	..	..	12.30
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Yingchow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, Straits, S. Ports & Europe via Suez	Prinzessin	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Honolulu, Canada U.S.A. & Europe via U. S. A.	Nile	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Saturday, October 18.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	..
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nile	..	..	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, Honolulu, U.S.A. & Europe	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	..	..	14.00	..	..	13.00
Monday, October 20.		10.00	9.30	..	..	..	9.30
Hongkong and Canton	Suiyang	21.00	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00

†Parcels only.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COAST PORTS

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "West Hepburn"	Oct.	30th
S.S. "West Harth"	Nov.	10th
S.S. "Stanley Dollar"	"	15th
S.S. "Cadaretta"	"	25th

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Bessie Dollar"	Oct.	26th
S.S. "Melville Dollar"	Dec.	7th
S.S. "Grace Dollar"	"	20th
S.S. "Harold Dollar"	"	28th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY
Union Building, Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$38 S.
Chartered	80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$445 B.
North China	$205
Union of Canton	Hk. 210 B.
Yangtsze	$270
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$193 S.
Indo-China Pref.	$32
"Shell"	$87/6
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 39 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Rs. 12½ B
Oriental Cons.	5/—
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$83 Sa.
Shanghai Dock	Rs. 120
New Eng. Works	Rs. 23½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Rs. 125 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Rs. 110 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 72
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 62½ B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 370
E-wo Pref	Tls. 90
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 250
Oriental	Tls. 130 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 252½
Kungyik	Tls. 33
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 18 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 88
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$177
Green Island	$73¾ S.
Langkats	Tls. 19 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$90
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6.10 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 3 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.75
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1¾ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 12
Kamunting	Tls. 4
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 15
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½ B.
Padang	Tls. 8½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8¼ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Zlangbe	Tls. 4¾
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 75
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 32
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 293

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	—	N. York via Panama	Eurymedon	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	—	Portland	Waban	Am.	A. Line
Oct.	15	Vancouver	Mobilcagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Oct.	18	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	18	New York	Bolton Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Oct.	20	New York	Maneric	Br.	D. & Co.
Oct.	21	Seattle	West Islip	Am.	S. & D'x
Oct.	27	San Francisco	West Cactus	Am.	S. & D'x
Oct.	30	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Oct.	30	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Am.	Dollar Co.
Oct.	31	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	[illegible]
Nov.	1	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	1	Seattle	Seattle Spirit	Am.	A. Line
Nov.	5	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	8	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	8	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	8	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Nov.	10	San Francisco	West Harth	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	14	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A Line
Nov.	15	Seattle	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	15	N. York via Panama	Eurylochus	Am.	A Line
Nov.	16	Portland	West Hartland	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	20	New York	Lowther Castle	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	25	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	25	San Francisco	China	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	25	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	29	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Nov.	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec.	1	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec.	4	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec.	5	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	7	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	23	Vancouver	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	3	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Oct.	15	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	18	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	21	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	22	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Oct.	23	Kobe	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Oct.	25	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Oct.	28	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	4	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Oct.	15	Marseilles, etc.	Cape Town M.	Jap.	M.M. Cie.
Oct.	15	London	Peleus	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	Singapore	Iconium	Am.	A Line
Oct.	22	London	Prinzessin	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Oct.	23	Calcutta via Japan	Gregory Apcar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Oct.	27	London	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Oct.	28	London	Khiva	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Nov.	—	Trieste	Nippon	Dut.	D. & Co.
Nov.	1	Liverpool	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	London	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7	Bombay	Dunera	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Nov.	9	London	Carnarvonshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec.	9	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Nov.	10	London	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
	—	London	C. of Melbourne	Br.	J. M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Oct.	15	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	15	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Oct.	15	— Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	15	— Manila, Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Oct.	15	M.N. Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	16	4.00 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	16	2.00 Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	17	— Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Oct.	17	— Hongkong, Canton	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	18	D.L. S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	— Manila, Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Oct.	18	— Hongkong	Iconium	Am.	A. Line
Oct.	21	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	25	— Hongkong	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	25	— Manila, Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	28	— Hongkong	Seattle Spirit	Am.	A. Line

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Oct.	15	1.00 Chinwangtao	Kashing	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	16	2.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	16	2.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Oct.	16	— Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	17	— Chinwangtao	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
Oct.	17	D.L. Dalny	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	17	2.00 Vladivostok	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.
Oct.	17	D.L. Tsingtau	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	21	3.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Oct.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang M.	Jap.	N. K. K.
Oct.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Oct.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Weishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Oct.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	[illegible]
			Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 10	— Tsingtau	Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
Aug. 26	—	Taiten Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 29	— Japan	Chinpu		
Sep. 13	— Chinwangtao	Hanamet	Am.	
Sep. 17	— Swatow	Shunchong	Chi.	T.Y.S.S. Co.
Sep. 18	— Hongkong	Shansi	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. 26	— Newchwang	Wanli	Chi.	S.F.S.N. Co.
Sep. 26	—	J. B. A. Kessler	Br.	A.P. Co.
Oct. 1	— Japan	Chinhsing	Chi.	

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.58	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehzah dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Kashing dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashai dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Sunkiang dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.		*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*
Shanghai South arr.		*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.25	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

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AUCTION INDEX

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FRIDAY, October 17th.—Library of Books at Salesroom 3 p.m.

MONDAY, October 20th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Effects, at 99 Bubbling Well Road.

MONDAY, October 27th.—A very fine collection of Chinese Curios in Salesroom.

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BRITISH SUFFRAGIST IN BOLSHEVIKI FIGHT

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst To Tour United States And Canada

SEES WOMEN AS SAVIORS

Col. William E. Wood Tells How Police Strike In London Resulted

New York, September 14.—The White Star liner Adriatic arrived yesterday from Southampton with a list of notables among her first cabin passengers which included the young Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, who are on their way out to Canada and British Columbia where the Duke owns several thousand acres of land purchased by his father many years ago.

The Duke said that after spending a few days at the Ritz-Carlton visiting their friends he would start for Canada and might probably meet the Prince of Wales there.

"Conditions are a little better in England," declared the Duke, "and after the unemployed soldiers have settled down to work there will be an improvement all round."

The Earl of Camperdown, who also arrived on the Adriatic, said he had come over for a rest and change to get away from the noise in England, and was going to stop for a week or more with friends in Boston. He added that the world appeared to have been turned upside down by this war, and it was difficult to state, with any degree of certainty, when it would right itself again. Nothing would be accomplished until Europe went to work again, the Earl said.

Mrs. Pankhurst Here For Tour

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the British suffragettes, arrived yesterday on the liner for a tour of the United States and Canada, the object of the tour being to suppress Bolshevism."

"The women will do it in the same manner that they went to the munition plants and factories, and back of the firing lines to help the men win the war," she said. "England, France, and the United States should form an alliance immediately for the preservation of the world's peace, as the greatest international work to be accomplished by nations. These three strongest nations have the power to enforce the peace of the world and the alliance should be made openly and regardless of the opinions of any other nations. These three nations are democratic and are actuated by similar policies and a similar spirit of fairness and democracy, and for this reason are able to put into effect the only guarantee of world peace.

"In some ways England is a more democratic country than the United States. I have seen the ideas of men in rags fought for in the English Parliament by members of Parliament for the reason that the poor man was a contituent and held a vote.

"Also, in England," Mrs. Pankhurst continued, "we have the franchise for women, which is not the case in all the States here yet."

Mrs. Pankhurst will stop in New York for a few days before going on her tour in Canada, she said.

Another passenger on the Adriatic was Lynn Harold Hough, President of Northwestern University, who was invited to deliver an address from the pulpit of the City Temple during his stay in London. He also lectured at Oxford and Cambridge and other institutions and churches in England for the purpose of bringing the American and English institutions closer together.

Sees Difference In Labor Problem

"I found," he said, "that the labor problem in England is not nearly so complex nor difficult to handle as the labor problem in the United States. The reason for this is that in England there is one face, while the United States the fact that the population consists of extracts from numerous Old World races fosters a condition of more or less antagonism which comes to the surface in moments of stress.

"In England there are more fiery speeches made every time there is a strike, people say more bitter things about their opponents than in the United States, but they don't mean near as much as the same sort of speeches do in the United States. At the present the world is in a nervous state, due to the effects of the war. That, I believe, is the cause of the present state of unrest. When the world will recover I do not know. England, at the present time, is recovering, but whether the United States is recovering or getting worse is a question I wouldn't like to attempt to answer."

Michael J. Dowling, who, despite the fact that he was handicapped early in his youth by the loss of both hands and both legs, rose to be President of one of the leading banks in Minnesota, returned yesterday on the Adriatic with his wife to learn that he is mentioned as a candidate for Governor of his native State. Mr. Dowling, who went to England as the guest of the British Red Cross, to lecture to the men who have been wounded in the war, said that he had been received by King George, Queen Mary, and Queen Alexandria, who all asked questions about his own triumph over physical handicaps.

Colonel William E. Wood, head of the New York Police Reserves, was another passenger on the liner, and was met at the pier by a number of police officials from Headquarters. He visited the Police Department in London, including Scotland Yard and the new aviation department which has just been formed there.

Tells Of Police Strike In London

In speaking of conditions there, Colonel Wood said:

"Prices of food in England are forced up by the money the masses have and are spending in order to satisfy themselves to the utmost. Taxicabs are numerous in London, but it is almost impossible to get one, they are used so generally by the people who seldom used them before. Theaters are always full, hotel accommodations cannot be had. Owing to the extravagance, it has become necessary to again ration butter, sugar, and meat.

"The police strike was a temporary affair, which was won by the firm attitude of the Commissioner, backed by the Government. The police soon saw their mistake and begged to be reinstated, but the authorities would not back down and have filled the vacancies with a new set of men of exceptional type. The strike has proved a serious lesson and the effect will be far reaching."

Sir Arthur Benn, M. P., who was on the Adriatic with Lady Benn, said that the talk of antagonism between British and American industries was all rot. Underlying all competition there is common sense which is strong in both nations and the people have realised now that they must stand together.

Six representatives of the British leather trades also arrived and will spend a month in the United States visiting the centers of the leather industries in this country.

To Stand No More Nonsense

Paris, September 20.—The Supreme Council has accepted the resolution that Marshal Foch should take measures to prevent the Germans disposing of aeronautical material, without authorisation. The Council is insisting on the Germans handing over any such amounts as have been realised by unauthorised disposal. The Council has accepted the military representative's report with regard to the distribution of the material amongst the allies.

Amusements

Towa Cinema

PROGRAMME for October 15th and 16th

See Here! See! Our new serial!

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A New L-Co Comedy

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October 15th

THE "LOOK UP" PICTURE

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IN

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COMEDY DRAMA IN FIVE ACTS

The Message conveyed in this delightful photoplay:—

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AT THE

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on Oct. 15th and 16th

Will be presented the celebrated comedian

VICTOR MOORE

IN

TOWNSEND'S GREAT COMEDY IN FIVE ACTS

"CHIMMIE FADDEN OUT WEST"

A Paramount Picture

Olympic Theatre

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME for October 15th and 16th

SELECTED PICTURES INCLUDING

"THE TIDES OF BARNEGAT"

from one of the most popular novels of the day with

BLANCHE SWEET

in the leading role

Amusements

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PROGRAMME for Wednesday and Thursday, 15th and 16th October

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11th and 12th Episodes.

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Interesting Comedy.

Charlie's Night Out.

One of the best Chaplins Produced 2 Parts.

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME for Wednesday and Thursday, 15th and 16th October

"THE MYSTERY SHIP"

1st, 2nd and 3rd Episodes

and

"BEATRIX FAIRFAX"

12th Episode.

New Programme for Friday

"THE THIRD GENERATION"

Four Parts.

A Gripping and Entertaining Picture, full of Action.

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"BEATRIX FAIRFAX"

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Thursday,	,,	16th	- "FAUST"
Friday,	,,	17th	- "CARMEN"
Saturday, (Matinee)	,,	18th	- "LAKME"
Saturday, (Evening)	,,	18th	- "TOSCA"

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